The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,220—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1881.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 31
Quarterly	„ 13	Quarterly	„ 16
Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

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In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
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LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	..8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4 „ „
Third and succeeding	2 „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	„ 2 8
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Fourth and succeeding insertions	„ 0 2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0.
Each succeeding line	„ 0-8.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
L.	RAVENNA	3340	700	E. Sawyer....	8th Dec.
—	MALWA	2950	500	G. W. Atkinson.	15th „
L.	INDUS	3462	600	S. D. Shallard	22nd „
—	PEKIN	3933	530	W.E. Thompson.	24th „
—	KASHGAR.....	2627	450	R. G. Murray ..	29th „
					1882.
L.	GWALIOR	2733	450	A.W. Adamson.	5th Jan.
—	BOKHARA	2932	500	J. Orman.....	12th „
L.	ROME	5032	1000	G. F. Cates.....	19th „
—	VERONA	3116	600	E. Baldwin.....	26th „
L.	PESHAWUR	3900	600	E. J. Baker.....	2nd Feb.
—	HYDASPES	2934	500	R. Harvey.....	9th „
L.	SIAM	3726	600	G. W. Johnson.	16th „
—	VENETIA	2726	450	A. B. Daniell ..	23rd „
L.	KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	J. Habot	2nd March.
L.	MALWA	2950	500	G. W. Atkinson	9th „
L.	MIRZAPORE	2887	600	C. G. Perrins..	16th „
—	BOKHARA	2932	500	J. Orman.....	23rd „
L.	AUSTRALIA	3994	600	T. Alderton....	30th „
—	CATHAY	2983	500	W. M. Robbie.	6th April.
L.	ROME	5032	1000	G. F. Cates....	13th „
—	ASSAM	3033	500	G. W. Brady ..	20th „
L.	DECCAN	3429	550	W. A. Scaton...	27th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORTSAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers mainly proceeded direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, Trieste, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under; THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi. one way.	Via Brindisi. both ways.	Via London. both ways.
First Class .. Rs.	950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class. Rs.	500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class .. Rs.	1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class. Rs.	600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING at CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	J. Habot.....	16th Dec.
THIBET	2983	400	W. R. Jordan.....	30th „
				1882.
CATHAY.....	2983	500	W. M. Robbie.....	13th Jan.
ASSAM.....	3033	500	G. W. Brady	27th „

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for twelve months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

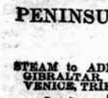
Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, Dec. 2nd, 1881.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.



ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave

GENOA and BOMBAY on the 26th and on the 1st *of each Month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220		Rs. 150		Rs. 40	
Suez	„ 300		„ 220		„ 80	
Port Said	„ 320	Including Wines	„ 240	Including Wines	„ 90	Without food.
Messina	„ 500		„ 340		„ 140	
Naples	„ 500		„ 340		„ 140	
Leghorn	„ 500		„ 340		„ 140	
Genoa	„ 500		„ 340		„ 140	
Marseilles	„ 520		„ 350		„ 145	

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Baggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

SINGAPORE, on SUNDAY, the 1st Jan., 1882.
MANILLA, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st Feb., 1882.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge by the Company's steam launch leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a. m.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

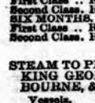
Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through-rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

Bombay, Sept. 8th, 1881.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.



REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE via CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste:—

	Captain.	Tons	HP.	To sail
s. s. VORWAERTS..G. Marussig		2,394	450	9th Dec.
s. s. HELIOS ..C. Lamarich		2,000	400	20th Jan. 1882

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	295	143 0
To Port Said	320	255	131 0
To Suez	300	240	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

STEAM TO HONGKONG via COLOMBO, PENANG, and SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. HUNGARIA, Captain G. Sprutta, 1,982 tons, 400-horse power, to sail on the 2nd January, 1882.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Custom House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, October 1st, 1881.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. KERBELA, 2,000 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 7th December, 1881, at 4 p. m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, on TUESDAY, 13th December, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on FRIDAY, 9th December, 1881, at 11 a. m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. ORIENTAL, 1,496 Tons, on THURSDAY, 15th December, 1881.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 6th December, 1881.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	1881.
s.s. HISPANIA....	J. Laird	3,500	700	22nd Dec.
				1882.
s.s. ARMENIA....	Geo. H. Read	3,500	700	11th Jan.
s.s. BRITANIA ...	R. Hutchison	3,500	700	25th Feb.
s.s. HISPANIA....	J. Laird	3,500	700	11th Mar.
s.s. ROUMANIA..	T. G. Knox	3,500	700	25th „
s.s. ARMENIA ..	Geo. H. Read	3,500	700	8th April.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND GENOA.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	1881.
s.s. ROUMANIA..	T. G. Knox	3,500	700	30th Dec.
				1882.
s.s. CASTALIA (or another)		2,500	500	28th Jan.
s.s. ITALIA (or another)		2,500	500	11th Feb.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 5th January, 1880.

THE INTER-OCEANIC STEAM YACHTING COMPANY'S Steam Yacht CEYLON, formerly one of the Peninsular and Oriental Company's fleet, being now on her cruise round the world, is expected to arrive at Bombay about the 31st of December, and is timed to leave that port on January 2nd, 1882. She will visit various ports in India, including Colombo, Madras and Calcutta; thence about the 21st January to Penang, Singapore, Manilla, Hongkong, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Hiogo, Yokohama; from thence down to Honolulu, and across to San Francisco, whence she will sail on or about the 19th April, 1882, and proceed southward, calling at various ports, through the Straights of Magellan to Monte Video, Rio, Bahia, Cape de Verde, Canaries, Madeira to Southampton, where she is expected to complete the cruise somewhere about July 20th, 1882.

The Ship carries no cargo, is replete with every luxury, and has the Tunbridge Wells parade band on board.

For passage money, &c., apply to Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., Bombay, or Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

AUCTION SALE OF THE P. AND O. COMPANY'S S. S. CHINA.

UNDER instructions from the Peninsular and Oriental Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Auction at the Prince's Dock, at 3 p. m., on MONDAY, the 12th December, the

S. S. CHINA, 2016 tons, 400 H. P.

Built by Mr. John Laird of Birkenhead. She is fitted with compound engines of 400 H. P. by Messrs. Humphrys and Tenant, with cylinders 43 and 97 inches, and has tubular boilers. Her dimensions are, length 280 feet, broadth 36 feet, depth 30 feet.

For further particulars apply to the Superintendent of the P. and O. Company, or to

MENESSE and Co., Auctioneers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REAL LOCH-FYNE HERRINGS,

PREPARED AND CURED ON

THE

FIRTH OF CLYDE

Expressly for the Undersigned.

Kegs containing about 5 doz. Fish.....Cash Rs. 6
Firkins containing about 11 doz. Fish...Cash „ 12

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

TREACHER'S SEA-SALTS

FOR INLAND SEA BATHING.

Their Solution forms *an exact imitation of*

PURE NATURAL SEA-WATER,

and will be found invaluable to residents of the Mofussil.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per 7 lb. box ..... Re.	1-4	1-8

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & Co.'s SUPERIOR FINO-SHERRY

IS a pale, dry, and delicate WINE, perfectly pure, and of great character and agreeable flavour. The Wine has been under the notice and careful consideration of the Management for several years past, and they have, therefore, every confidence in placing it before the Public, feeling assured that it will be appreciated by all who value a genuine natural Wine.

Per dozen, cash, Rs. 30.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MELLIN'S FOOD

FOR

INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

A SOLUBLE EXTRACT OF CEREALS.

NON-FARINACEOUS.

WHEN dissolved in Cow's Milk and water it constitutes a PERFECT FOOD, capable of sustaining life and developing robust constitutions.

	Cash.	Credit.
Small Bottles ..... Re.	1- 0	1-2
Large Bottles ..... „	1- 12	2-0

Fresh consignments at short intervals are imported

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER,

BY

TREACHER & COMPANY., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,

PREPARED expressly for TREACHER & Co., Limited, from finest, selected and thoroughly matured Tobacco, and acknowledged to be the cheapest and best Smokes procurable.

	Cash prices. Rs.	as.
NOBLE'S Cheroot shape, without straw box of 100	1	12
„ 250	4	0
DAWSON'S Cheroot shape, with straw .. „ 100	1	12
„ 250	4	0
THOMSON'S, Cheroot shape, with straw .. „ 100	1	12
„ 250	4	0
DINDIGUL'S Cheroot shape, with straw .. „ 100	2	0
„ 250	4	8
HAVANNAH'S Cigar shape .. „ 100	2	0
„ 250	4	8
TREACHER'S GEM MUSTER, Cigar shape .. „ 100	2	0
TREACHER'S MUSTER, slightly barrel shaped .. „ 100	2	4
CLUB MUSTER, Cheroot and Cigar shape „ 100	3	0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.—SEASON 1881-82.

Under the distinguished patronage of
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

MISS EDITH WILSON begs to announce that Miss Eliza Gordon, Miss Kate Thoburn, Miss Rose Foote, Mr. F. Merer, Mr. G. Foote, Mr. A. B. Tapping and Mr. L. Ward sailed for Bombay on November 23, and that the season will commence on December 24.

Plan of the seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS

BY

TO-DAY'S OVERLAND MAIL.

Bird O'Freedom.
Field.
Fun.
Graphic.
Home News.
Illustrated London News.
Illustrated Penny Paper.
Illustrated Police News.
Lancet.
Land and Water.
Life.
Lloyd's Weekly Newspaper.
News of the World.
Overland Mail.
Public Opinion.
Queen.
Reynold's Weekly News.
St. James's Budget.
Spectator.
Times (Weekly Edition).
Weekly Irish Times.
World.

COOPER & CO., Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK of BENGAL will be CLOSED for CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS on

FRIDAY, the 23rd December, 1881.
SATURDAY, the 24th „ „
MONDAY, the 26th „ „
TUESDAY, the 27th „ „

And for the New Year's Holidays on,

FRIDAY, the 30th December, 1881.
SATURDAY, the 31st „ „
MONDAY, the 2nd January, 1882.

For the Bank of Bengal,
E. M. SLATER, Acting Agent.

Bombay, 6th December, 1881.

PROCEEDINGS of an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the HOLTA TEA COMPANY, "Limited," held at the office of the Company, No. 11, Hastings-street, Calcutta, on SATURDAY, the 3rd December, 1881, at 12 noon.

PRESENT:

G. C. Farr, Esq.
C. J. Groom, Esq.
H. L. Pearse, Esq.
R. S. Staunton, Esq.
H. J. C. Turner, Esq.
R. B. McPhun, Esq.
R. D. Hime, Esq., C.S. } by their Attorney H. J. C.
H. W. Steel, Esq., C.S. } Turner, Esq.
Mrs. A. M. Baker.

The notice convening the meeting having been read, Mr. R. S. STAUNTON was voted to the Chair.

The following resolutions were put to the meeting and carried.

1st RESOLUTION:—

Proposed by R. S. STAUNTON, Esq.
Seconded by C. J. GROOM, Esq.

That the present Articles of Association of the Company filed in the office of the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies at Calcutta and all the rules and regulations therein contained be and the same are hereby "annulled."

2nd RESOLUTION:—

Proposed by R. S. STAUNTON, Esq.
Seconded by H. L. PEARSE, Esq.

"That the new Articles of Association as altered and now submitted be, and they hereby are, adopted and passed by the Company in the place and stead of the former Articles of Association and regulations annulled as aforesaid."

With a vote of thanks to the Chair the Meeting separated.

R. S. STAUNTON, Chairman.

AUTHORS AND COMPOSERS.

BEAUTIFULY EXECUTED PARIAN STATUETTES AND BUSTS of Celebrated Authors and Composers, all of the finest quality of material, and fine in detail, can be washed with soap and water.

BUSTS—6 inches high, Rs. 3-0 each.

Beethoven	Haydn	Mozart
Bach	Gluck	Lessing
Handel	Schiller	Goethe

A larger size—7½ inches high, Rs. 5-0 each.

Byron	Mozart	Gluck
Weber	Schiller	Schubert
Handel	Goethe	Mendelssohn
Bach	Meyerbeer	Haydn
Schummann	Beethoven	Shakespere
Uhland	Wagner	Lessing
Tasso	Dante	

BUSTS—Large size, 12 inches high, Rs. 14 each.

Bethoven and Mozart

FULL length Figures, 10½ inches high, Rs. 8 each.

Handel	Goethe	Mozart
Humboldt	Lessing	Gluck
Shakespere	Haydn	Schillers
Beethoven	Bach	

Bach, full length 15 inches high, Rs. 20
Mendelssohn „ 16 „ „ 20
Shakespere „ 18 „ „ 25
Lessing „ 18 „ „ 25

PRICES FOR CASH WITH ORDERS.

Purchases of Rs. 20 packed free.

SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

NOW READY.

AGRICULTURAL BANKS FOR INDIA.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this office and at the book-sellers.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of these has now been received, of every shade and size. Patients may in future rely on being well suited, as selections will now be regularly received.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NESTLE'S MILK FOOD,

AN exquisitely delicate and very strengthening Food for Infants, of special value towards the period of weaning, and one of the best Foods for Dyspeptic Invalids yet produced. Prepared in Switzerland in the same manner as Condensed Milk, with the addition of a light, nutritious farine.

Constant fresh importations received by

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

PHARMACEUTICAL LABEL-BOOKS.

BLACK LETTERED, black and red bordered, on gold ground. Each book contains 879 labels, including every Drug, Chemical, and Galenical preparation in ordinary use in Pharmacy. Arranged by the undersigned from their own extensive experience. The labels when applied are very handsome.

Per book Rs. 15.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
and
MANUFACTURERS,
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.
(Prize Medal, 1873.)

Price Lists, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of Card.

SASSOON HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

MEDICINE CHESTS,

THE FIRST ESSENTIALS FOR EUROPEAN RESIDENTS AND TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

A COPY of D. S. KEMP'S "Medicine Chest Companion" is supplied with each. ("A very useful little Companion to the Medicine Chest."—LANCET.)

A selection of Twenty-Nine Patterns, of which a descriptive list will be sent on application.

TRAVELLING CHESTS, OF SOLID LEATHER, with Glass Measures, Scales and Weights, Lock and Key. Filled with carefully-selected Remedies. From Rs. 24 to Rs. 75.

DOMESTIC CHESTS, OF PLAIN POLISHED MAHOGANY, Joinings fastened with Brass Screws, and with Lock and Key. Filled with Medicines, Scales, Measures, &c., all carefully selected. From Rs. 38 to Rs. 50.

ELEGANT DOMESTIC CHESTS, OF POLISHED MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD OR WALNUT. All carefully filled as above. From Rs. 53 to Rs. 100.

CHESTS IN OAK, DEAL, AND MAHOGANY, of various sizes, for Veterinary, Camp, Industrial, and other purposes. From Rs. 20 to Rs. 130.

DR. MOORE'S SMALL FAMILY MEDICINE CHEST, in Teak, Rs. 20; in Oak, Rs. 28.

DR. HUNTER'S DISTRICT MEDICINE CHEST, in Mahogany, Rs. 60.

We strongly recommend every up-country Resident's investing in one of these useful articles Always of great utility, where a family or establishment is concerned its importance cannot be over estimated.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S EXHILARATING STILL HOCKS.

Cash. per dozen. Quarts. Rs. as.			Cash. per dozen. Pints. Rs. as.
42 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Johannisberg	... 23 0
	The perfection of Hocks, highly aromatic flavour and deliciously soft to the taste.		
36 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Liebfraumilch	... 19 0
	A very fine full-bodied wine, rich in character and flavour.		
27 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Nierstein	... 14 8
	Very soft and good bouquet.		
25 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Hochheimer	... 13 8
	A very agreeable dinner wine, soft, delicate, and fine.		
24 8...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Steinwein	... ...
	Of great fragrance, pure and natural.		
21 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ... Geisenheim	... 11 8
	Good flavour and body, can be well recommended.		
19 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ... Laubenheim	... 10 8
	A light dinner wine, sound, and adapted for general use.		

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LADIES' SHOES! LADIES' SHOES!!

FRESH STOCK just to hand per s. s. "Peshawur," suitable for Walking, Dress, and House Wear. A large assortment to select from. Bought in the best markets. Defies Comparison. Inspection invited. Prices unequalled.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
MOROCCO SHOES, Oxford lace with a neat bow. Per pair ...	7 8	COURT SHOES, fancy embroidered toes, fancy colored bows, very tastefully got up. Per pair. ...	10 8
MOLIERE SHOES, morocco, light walking. Per pair ...	8 0	MOROCCO SHOES, with embroidered toes to button with strap over instep, lined fancy Kid. Per pair ...	10 8
Patent Golosh Kid-buttoned Shoes, for walking. Per pair ...	9 8	GLACE KID HOUSE SHOES, plain fronts, with a very neat small bow. Per pair ...	8 8
MOROCCO SHOES, with bows and Silver buckles. Per pair ...	8 0	RACKET or TENNIS SHOES, in blue Canvass, with black morocco straps and caps, fluted rubber soles, very light and durable. Per pair. ...	9 8
GLACE KID SHOES, low cut, toes embroidered with black beads, and bows, a very cool Shoe. Per pair ...	10 0		
COURT SHOES, with steel embroidered toes and fancy bows, beautifully finished. Per pair ...	11 8		

Racket Shoes re-soled with fluted or plain India-rubber. Gent's Boots of all descriptions in stock or made to order, Our well known make of Boots, for taste, durability, and fit are now famed throughout India.

Our great increase of business proves that for soundness of workmanship, exc ellence of quality and a practical knowledge of our trade we stand unrivalled.

DUNNETT & CO.,
CIVIL AND MILITARY BOOT-MAKERS AND SADDLERS,
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW STOCK.

MRS. LAKE

HAS the pleasure to announce her arrival from England with a large and choice selection of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY,

personally selected by her from the first Paris and London Houses.

MRS. LAKE'S

long and intimate experience of the class of Goods suitable for India, coupled with a thorough knowledge of the best sources of supply in the European Markets, gives her

SPECIAL FACILITIES IN PURCHASING,
OF WHICH CONSTITUENTS WILL HAVE THE BENEFIT.

An early inspection of the Goods is respectfully solicited.

MRS. LAKE,
MILLINER AND DRESS-MAKER,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

'XMAS & NEW-YEAR CARDS.

S. ROSE & Co. have just received a fresh and choice selection of Christmas and New Year's Cards. Orders for Cards for forwarding to friends at home will be at once attended to. The Mail which leaves Bombay on the 8th December is due in London on or about Christmas day.

CASH PRICES.—(POSTAGE EXTRA.)

Sixty different designs as above, in a larger and superior style, ...each 2 annas, or Re. 1, per dozen assorted.

Thirty different designs in Card, beautifully illustrated with Flowers, Comic faces, Bird nests, Birds, &c. &c., ...each 3 annas, or Rs. 1-8 per dozen assorted.

Sixty different designs on Cards, Ferns, Flowers, Mistletoe Holly, Birds, Birds Nests, Pictures, Figures and Grotesque Pictures, ...each 4 annas, or Rs. 2-8 per dozen assorted.

Thirty different designs on Cards, Water Scenes, Winter country scenes, Sporting pictures, Nymphs, Satchets, Flowers, Birds and Animals .. ..each 6 annas or Rs. 3-0 per dozen assorted.

Twenty different designs of Faces, Nests with Birds, Faces with Music, Flowers on large size cards, toned and white—superbly finished with greetings, ...each 8 annas or Rs. 5 per dozen assorted.

Indian Cards, printed in India of Indian scenes with a few lines of greeting suitable to the season.. .. .. Rs. 2 8

"EASTERN DAMSELS," "NYMPHS OF THE GROVE" and "YOUTHFUL GRACES," beautiful Chromo-Lithographs of young girls in loose or Oriental costume, mounted on enamelled cards, in gold and colours with greeting, (9 designs) with bouquet of flowers .. .. „ 1 9

VOICED 'XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS.

The 'Xmas Darling—an imitation Baby dressed in muslin and laid in a neat ornamental box .. .. „ 1 8

AMUSEMENT FOR YOUNG AND OLD.

THE NEW JEWEL KALEIDOSCOPE.

"Jewels of rare and exquisite form." In this improved instrument charming symmetrical designs of exquisite beauty are produced by an ingenious arrangement in the mechanism, and by the employment of a combination of choice and special objects, entirely novel in form and character. The new instruments, as at present arranged, will prove a source of delight practically inexhaustible, for presuming that ten changes per minute be effected of the objects enclosed, it has been mathematically computed that a period of 462,880,826,976 years and 363 days would elapse, before the entire variety of changes would be exhausted. It is mounted on a lacquered metal stand, and forms a very amusing addition to the Drawing-room .. .. Rs. 15

Same as above, only small size, and much inferior.. Re. 1

AND

BON BONS, CARD GAMES, IN-DOOR GAMES, FANS, LADIES' DRESSING BAGS, AND DRESSING CASES

FANCY GOODS AND ARTICLES FOR PRESENTATION, PLATED WARE AND CUTLERY,

ARTICLES SUITABLE AS PRESENTS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Lists and Details Furnished on Application.

	Rs. a.
Targetteer, A new game	1 8
The Expert Angler	4 0
Chaffiticleer Roulette	1 8
The New Chameleon Humming Top	1 0
Ring and Bit Puzzle	0 12
Gravitation Defied	1 12
Geometric Bubbler	1 12
Ying-tan..	1 8
Cupolette. A new game	2 0
Paunchce. The new Indian game	4 0
The Goblet of Cagliostro	2 8
Conjuring Tricks, per box from 5 to	35 0

S. ROSE & CO., 9, Rampart-row, Fort, Bombay.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS.

FAVRE, LEUBA & Co.'s CAMPAIGN KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES, in white metal cases, are without doubt the best watches sold for this price in the world. They are in stock in open face, hunting, and half-hunting cases, in extra large, middle and smaller sizes. Price, Rs. 25, 30, 35, cash. 2 years' guarantee.

FAVRE, LEUBA & Co.'s CHEAP SILVER LEVER WATCHES, in open face, hunting and half-hunting cases, are a striking illustration of the excellent results obtained by them in the manufacture of cheap watches. Price Rs. 25, 26, 27. One year's guarantee.

FAVRE, LEUBA & Co.'s RAILWAY WATCHES are unsurpassed in regard to solidity of construction, durability and correctness in time keeping. Price in metal case with key, Rs. 49, 50; keyless, Rs. 50; in fine silver case, with key, Rs. 50; keyless, Rs. 70. Guarantee 2 years.

FAVRE, LEUBA & Co.'s SILVER KEYLESS WATCHES, in open face hunting and half-hunting cases, can be confidently recommended not only for the really good quality of their works, but also for their handy size, the solidity of their cases, and their exceedingly neat appearance. Price, in open face cases, Rs. 40, 50; in hunting and half-hunting cases, Rs. 45, 50, 60.

Gold Chains made to order on the premises by an experienced English Chainmaker.

FAVRE, LEUBA AND CO.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE ADJOURNED MEETINGS of the CORPORATION adjourned from TO-DAY will be held here on WEDNESDAY, the 7th instant, as under:—SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING at 3 o'clock p. m.; QUARTERLY and SPECIAL GENERAL MEETINGS, at 4 o'clock p. m.

By order of the Chairman,
H. WYNFORD HARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, & Secretary, Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, 6th December, 1881.

HOUSES TO LET.

W. NICOL & Co., in Liquidation.

FOR SALE, a PUCKA BUILT BUNGALOW with thirteen acres of land adjoining the Railway Station, Wassind. For particulars apply to

JOHN FLEMING & Co.,
34, Elphinstone Circle.

HOUSE TO LET.

THE premises No. 4, Apollo-street, generally known as Messrs. Remington's Buildings, adjoining old Court House, together with the rear portions lately used by Tudor Company as their new Ice House, TO LET. For terms apply to

DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE & Co.,
Agents for Tudor Company,

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 6.

LONDON telegrams of the 5th quote Bar Silver 1-16d. higher, the rate now being 51 15-16d, no doubt in response to the very strong position of Exchange on this side. Rupee Paper has fallen ½, and we now quote 4 per cents. 84¼ and 4½ per cents. 91½; but Sterling 3½ per cents. are unaltered at 101½, and Consols at 99½.

The Liverpool Cotton Market again closed quiet. Quotations unaltered, and sales 10,000 bales. Evidently buyers do not follow the late upward movement with eagerness. Spinners have now well stocked themselves with Cotton both on the spot and, it is said, also to arrive, so that they can afford to buy moderately for some time at least.

Manchester is quoted firm, but we presume the firmness proceeds more from the late advance in Cotton making Spinners and Manufacturers ask full prices, than from any large business done for the Eastern Markets.

Wheat seems steadier, and the tone of the market is better. Club No. 2, which was quoted on Saturday 46s. to arrive, is now advanced to 46s. 3d., and rates "firm."

The New York telegram of the 5th has just come to hand, and it gives the day's receipts at the ports at 55,000 bales,—an amount which has evidently frightened the Bulls, as ready Cotton had fallen ¼ cent., viz., to 11⅛, and March delivery had also fallen to 12-30, or 34 points lower than the Saturday's quotations.

The Cotton Market here on the receipt of this telegram at once lapsed into a state of depression, and sellers came out at a reduction of 2 to 3 Rupees on yesterday's rates, without, however, inducing much buying. Good Broach has been placed at Rs. 231 to Rs. 232 for March delivery. Fine Bhownugger at Rs. 214 for same date. Oomras generally are 1 to 2 Rupees lower all round.

FREIGHTS have recovered a little, and 38s. 9d. to 40s. have again been paid for Cotton to Liverpool, this month's shipment.

EXCHANGE is practically unaltered, and rates are firm. Some Banks are prepared to buy further forward than they were yesterday at the current rates.

GOVERNMENT PAPER is again weak, and owing to the fall at home and in Calcutta, lower rates are current. The Four-per-cents. are not worth more to-day than 101½.

GENERAL SHARES are also quiet. The Dhurrumsey Spinning has fallen to Rs. 685, and the Maneckjee Petit to Rs. 1,405—in both cases a reduction of Rs. 15 on our old quotations. Burma Trading are in demand, and have advanced another Rs. 25.

IMPORTS.—We have nothing new to report.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE ship William Douglas, 1,263 tons, Captain T. Douglas, will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Scindia, 2,040 tons, Captain J. Stone, sailed yesterday for Rangoon, &c., with a general cargo and one deck passenger.

THE Transport steamer Calabria, Captain W. Cato, sailed yesterday for Natal with the following passengers:—Surg. Christer and Private Thomas, of the 1st Batn. Scotch Rifles.

THE Anchor Line steamer Hispania, 2,213 tons, Captain J. Laird, will sail to-day for Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers:—The Honourable J. A. Graham and Mr. F. Forbes Adam.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Calcutta, 548 tons, Captain G. Phillips, which arrived in harbour on the 5th instant from Kattywar Coast and Kurrachee, brought a general cargo and the following passengers:—Lieut. Kellie, R. E., two Commissariat Department Inspectors, and 175 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Chinsura, 1,320 tons, Captain J. R. Gavin, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. W. H. Thornhill, Mrs. E. J. Candy, Deputy Surgeon-General Moore, Major Maule, Mr. F. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Wingate, Mr. and Mrs. Duffin, Mrs. Wells, four second-class, and 20 deck.

ARRIVAL.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
6	Chinsura (s)	Gavin	Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander	Destinations.
6	Oorun (s)	Baker	Coast and Cutch.
	Atheluxmie	Nacoda	Colombo, &c.
	Scindia (s)	Stone	Rangoon, &c.
	Calabria (s)	Cato	Natal.

The following vessels obtained their port clearance yesterday:—

Steamer Hispania, Laird, to Kurrachee.
Ship William Douglas, to Calcutta.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Timor, to Genoa.
Steamer Clan Murray, to Glasgow via Kurrachee.

MADRAS.

Dec. ARRIVALS.
3 Cherubim (s)..... ..... Middlesbrough.
4 Madura (s)..... ..... Calcutta.
Dec. DEPARTURE.
3 Himalaya (s)..... ..... Rangoon via N. Ports.

DAILY IMPORTS.—DECEMBER 6.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Murray (s)—40 cases sulphuric acid, Rogers and Co; 25 cases whiskey, D. D. Shah.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Wistow Hall (s)—81 cases brandy and glassware, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Clan Murray (s)—36 crates earthenware, Issac Noormahamed; 7 packages earthenware, Mahamed Ebram.
Hispania (s)—13 packages earthenware, Gangjee Poonja; 22 packages earthenware, Soomar Veera; 50 cases slates, Shaik Ahmed Shaik Dawood.

FROM LONDON.

Hartlepool (s)—5 cases cutlery, C. H. B. Forbes and Co.
Reindeer (s)—1 hogs head cognac, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Peshawar (s)—22 cases provision and 1 case biscuits, Richardson and Cruddas.
Surat (s)—105 cases whiskey, Sorabjee Hormusjee Bottlewalla.

FROM GENOA.

Sumatra (s)—295 boxes brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 5.

Banister, Captain, R. A., on duty, from Ahmedabad.
Brownlow, Major, 1st Sikh Infantry, on leave, from Abottabad.
Mignon, Major, Staff, on duty, from Poona.

DECEMBER 6.

Kellie, Lieut., R. E., on sick leave, from Quetta.
Neill, Major, C. I. Horse, on duty, from Agra.
Moore, Dy. Surg.-Genl., on duty, from Vingorla.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 4.

Wilson, Major, Staff Corps, on duty, to Nassick.

DECEMBER 5.

Teed, Captain, Dy. Asst. Comsy. Genl., on duty, to Ahmedabad.

DECEMBER 6.

Chister, Surg., on duty, to England.
Ostrehan, Lieut.-Col., Dy. Comsy. Genl., on duty, to Ahmednuggur.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, December 3.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. T. H. Thornton, C.S.I., is permitted to resign H. M.'s B. C. Service, with effect from the 8th Sept.

Lieut. John Magnus Clements, M. S. C., to be a Supmy. Asst. Comsr. in British Burma.

The service of Surgeon H. Armstrong, in medical charge of the 5th Madras N. I. are placed at the disposal of the Chief Comsr. of the Central Provinces.

Consequent on, and with effect from the date of the retirement of Mr. T. H. Thornton, D.C.L., C.S.I., Judge of the Chief Court of the Punjab, the Govr. Genl. in Council is pleased to confirm Mr. A. Brandreth in the Office of Judge of the Chief Court of the Punjab.

PORT BLAIR.

Surgn. W. Owen, Second Medical Officer, Port Blair, has obtained privilege leave for three months with effect from 20th Sept. last.

The Rev. A. L. Mitchell, of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be Chaplain of Nowgong in Bundelkhand, with effect from the 1st inst.

Under Sec. 12 of Act II of 1857, the Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to authorize the affiliation of the Maharaja's High School, Burdwan, to the Calcutta University up to the standard of the First Examination in Arts, with effect from the 1st Jan. 1882.

Mr. C. Bagshawe, Offg. Consvr. of Forests, Hyderabad Assigned Dists., reverted to his substantive appointment of Depy. Consvr. of the 2nd Grade, with effect from the 7th Nov. the date on which Mr. A. T. Drysdale, the Consvr. of Forests, rejoined his appointment on return from furlough. Mr. Bagshawe will continue for the present to be employed in the Hyderabad Assigned Dists.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

H. H. the Begum of Bhopal having granted to the British Govt. full jurisdiction within those portions of the lands forming the Bhopal State Railway including the lands occupied as stations, outbuildings, and for other purposes connected with the Railway which lie within her territory. The Govr.-Genl. in Council has issued the following Notification:—

Mr. C. Swappe and Mr. J. C. Ledger, Ex. Engrs., shall respectively exercise, within the limits of the Bhopal State Railway, the powers of a Mag. of the 2nd Class. Mr. E. J. Shadbolt and Babu Shiv Dayal, Asst. Engrs., shall respectively exercise, within the limits of the Bhopal State Railway the powers of a Mag. of the 3rd Class.

Mr. W. B. Jones, Comsr. of the Hyderabad Assigned Dists., and Offg. Resdt. at Hyderabad, is granted one month's privilege leave from the 15th Dec.

H. E. the Viceroy and Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. C. C. Ellis as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Chintzgong.

H. E. the Viceroy and Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. D. E. Micrusachi as Vice-Consul for Greece at Calcutta.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Mr. T. H. S. Biddulph assumed charge of the Office of Asst. Acct.-Genl., Punjab, before noon, on the 17th Nov.

Mr. C. J. Rivett-Carnac, Asst. Acct.-Genl. N.-W. P. and Oudh, having returned from privilege leave, resumed charge of his duties, on the 18th Nov.

Mr. A. U. Fanshawe, B.C.S., resumed charge of his appointment as Offg. Post Master Genl. Bombay, before noon, on the 14th Nov.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Ben. S. C., with effect from the dates specified, subject to the confirmation of the Rt. Hon'ble the Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut. Rullion Hare Rattray, 2nd Batn., Cheshire Regt., Wing Officer, 22nd N. I., 23rd April, 1880.

Lieut. F. G. R. Ostrehan, 1st Batn., Royal Warwickshire Regt., Wing Officer, 9th N. I., 1st May, 1880.

The commission of Lieut. Ostrehan is antedated to the 1st May, 1880, subject to H. M.'s approval.

Lieut. W. J. K. Dobbin, 1st Batn., Devonshire Regt., Offg. Wing Officer, 1st Sikh Infy., now Offg. Wing Officer, 1st Sikh Infy., 20th Aug., 1880.

The undermentioned officers are appointed to the Mily. Accts. Dept. as Asst. Mily. Acctts., on probation, and will rank as follows:—

Lieut. W. H. Young, Ben. S. C., Wing Officer and Qr.-mr., 21st N. I., 15th Oct., 1881.

Lieut. G. B. Renny, Ben. S. C., Squad. Officer and Adjt., 1st Ben. Cavy. 28th Oct., 1881.

Lieut. H. F. S. Ramsden, Madras S. C., Wing Officer, 10th Mad. N. I., 24th Oct., 1881.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. C. V. W. Williamson, Ben. S. C., Offg. Wing Officer, 4th Sikh Infy., to be a Sub.-Asst. Comsy.-Genl., 3rd class, on probation, with effect from the 25th Oct., 1881, to fill an existing vacancy.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

5th Punjab Cavalry.—Lieut. A. P. Williamson, Offg. Squad. Officer, to be Squad. Officer, vice Maj. W. J. Vousden, V. C., seconded.

1st Punjab Infantry.—Lieut. W. G. Carter, Offg. Wing Officer, on probation, to be Wing Officer, on probation, vice Lieut. T. C. Pears, seconded.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 4 Field Battery.—Lieut. R. M. B. F. Kelly, R. A., Offg. Subn., to be Subn., vice Lieut. A. P. Penton, resigned.

2nd Infantry.—Surg. C. Mallins, M.B., Mad. Estabt. to officiate as Medical Officer during the absence on furlough of Surgn. C. L. Swaine, M.B., or until further orders.

The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Major E. H. Steel, Benl. S. C., Asst. Supdt., 2nd grade, Offg. 1st grade, Survey of India, (m.c.) for one year.

Lieut. F. M. Drury, Benl. S. C., Wing Officer, 17th N. I., (m. c.) for one year.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Rt. Hon'ble the Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut.-Col. G. N. Money, Benl. S. C., (m. c.) for three months.

Lieut.-Col. R. E. Boyle, Benl. S. C., (m. c.) for six months.

Capt. (Bt. Maj.) C. R. Macgregor, Benl. S.C., (p. a.) for six months.

Capt. G. M. Bellasis, Benl. S. C., (p. a.) for two months.

Lieut. C. Herbert, Benl. S. C., (m. c.) for three months.

Surg. A. Duncan, M. D., (m. c.) for three months.

Depy. Asst. Comsy. and Hony. Lieut. W. Wilson, Office of the Adjt.-Genl. in India, is transferred to the Pension establishment, with effect from the 1st Dec.

The following promotions are made subject to H. M.'s approval:—

To be Captain.—Lieut. St. John Fancourt Michell, Ben. S. C., 1st Dec., 1881.

To be Colonel.—Lieut.-Col. G. B. Fisher, Ben. Infy., 27th Nov., 1881.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Passed Hospl.-Apprentice L. J. Reilly, to be 2nd Class Asst.-Apothy., with effect from the 30th Sept., 1881, vice Asst.-Apothy C. Archer, deceased.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Vol. H. G. Stuart, to be Lieut.

Lieut.-Col. H. A. Lewes, Ben. S. C., is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st Dec., subject to H. M.'s approval.

Capt. (Bt. Maj.) G. Edmonds, Unattached List, has been permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 22nd Nov., subject to H. M.'s approval.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Messrs. F. E. Gwyther and R. E. Purves, Apprentice Engrs., Punjab, are promoted to the rank of Asst. Engr., 3rd Grade, with effect from the 1st Dec., 1881.

Maj. F. J. Home, R.E., Ex. Engr., 1st Grade, N.-W. P. and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Suptdg. Engr., with temporary rank in Class III, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of the 3rd Circle of Irrigation.

Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Maj.-Genl. A. Fraser, C.B., R.E., Secy. to the Govt. of India in the P. W. D., Cols. W. S. Trevor, V.C. R.E., and F. S. Stanton, R.E., reverted to their substantive appointments, with effect from the 27th Nov., 1881.

Col. F. W. Peile, R.E., Chief Engr., Class II, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engr. and Secy. to Govt., N.-W. P. and Oudh, in the P. W. D., during the absence on privilege leave of Col. Brownlow, R.E., or until further orders.

The services of Lieut.-Genl. C. W. Hutchinson, R. E., were replaced at the disposal of the Mily. Dept. on the 10th Sept., 1881.

The following reversions are ordered with effect from the dates specified.

Mr. H. Parker, from offg. Suptdg. Engr., Class I., to Suptedg. Engr., Class II., with effect from 22nd Oct., 1881.

Mr. D. F. Hogarth, from Offg. Suptedg. Engr., Class III., to Ex. Engr., 1st Grade, with effect from 22nd Oct., 1881.

Capt. R. A. Sargeaunt, R. E., from Suptedg. Engr., Class III., temporary rank, to Offg. Suptedg. Engr., Class III., with effect from 9th Nov., 1881.

Mr. F. L. Dibblee, from Offg. Suptedg. Engr., Class III., to Ex. Engr., 1st Grade, with effect from 9th Nov., 1881.

The services of Mr. J. Willcocks, Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade, on the Estbt. of the Dr.-Genl. of Railways, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal, Railway Branch.

Mr. L. E. H. Yates, Asst. Loco. Supdt., in Class III, of the State Railway Revenue Scale, on the Estbt. of the Dr.-Genl. of Railways, is transferred to Bengal for employment in the Railway Branch.

Mr. E. J. Moore, Ex. Engr., 2nd Grade, is, on return from furlough, placed temporarily under the orders of the Chief Comsr., Assam, in connection with the proposed railway reconnaissance through the Garo Hills.

The services of Maj. J. A. Armstrong, R.E., Ex. Engr., 1st Grade, Punjab, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Dept.

Lieutenant J. E. Dickie, R.E., Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade, Railway Branch, temporarily employed under the Govt. of Bombay, P. W. D., is transferred to the Mily. Works Branch.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

Bt. Lieut.-Col. W. M. Campbell, R. E., Depy. Supdtdg., 2nd Grade, Survey of India, having availed himself of the furlough granted to him in Bombay Mily. Dept. Genl. Order dated 3rd Nov., 1881, on the 5th idem, the following temporary promotions are made with effect from the same date:—

Mr. J. O. N. James, Depy. Supdt., 3rd Grade, to officiate as Depy. Supdt., 2nd Grade.

Majr. H. Lees Smith, Asst. Supdt., 1st Grade, to officiate as Depy. Supdt., 3rd Grade.

Mr. W. G. Beverley, Offg. Asst. Supdt., 2nd Grade, to officiate as Asst. Supdt., 1st Grade.

Bt. Lieut.-Col. R. G. Woodthorpe, R. E., Asst. Supdt., 2nd Grade, Survey of India, having returned from furlough, is appointed to officiate as Asst. Supdt., 1st Grade, with effect from the forenoon of the 12th Nov.

The following reversion is made with effect from the same date:—

Mr. W. G. Beverley, Offg. Asst. Supdt., 1st Grade, to revert to his officiating appointment of Asst. Supdt., 2nd Grade.

REVENUE BRANCH SURVEY OF INDIA.

Mr. C. W. J. Ford, Asst. Surveyor, 2nd Grade, is granted privilege leave for one month and two days, under Chapter X, Sec. 136, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the forenoon of the 23rd Nov.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
Military Works.

Lieut. G. Davidson, R. E., Asst. Engr, 1st Grade, was granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 19th June, 1881.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Adjutant-General's Office, Simla, Dec. 1.

The C.-in-C. in India is pleased to make the following appointment, subject to H. M.'s approval:—

Army Pay Dept.—Capt. W. Christie, 13th Hussars, having resigned his combatant commission, to be Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Capt. dated 3rd Sept.

Capt. Christie is posted to the 1st Battn. Connaught Rangers.

G. O. C. C. dated 12th Aug., page 470, inviting non-commissioned officers and men of British Infy. Regts., serving in India, to extend their engagements with the colours on certain conditions therein laid down, is hereby cancelled.

The following will be added to the list of officers published in G. O. C. C. dated 20th Sept., who passed certain examinations on the 1st June, 1881:—

Lieut. C. J. Corfield, 1st Battn. King's Own Borderers; Part II, Examination A. G. O. 275 of 1873.

Lieut. F. J. DeLisle, attached to the 10th Bengal Lancers, is permitted to resign his probationary appointment for the S. C. and to revert to the R. A.

Pending the receipt of orders from H. R. H. the Field Marshal Comdg.-in-Chief, Lieut DeLisle is posted to No. 13-9 R. A.

Lieut. P. J. R. Crampton, R.A., is directed to proceed from Agra to Saugor, and join M. Baty. 5th Regde into which he has been transferred.

The following postings and transfers of Vety. Surgns. are directed:—

Vety. Surgn. H. Dawson, on arrival from England, to Agra, for duty with the R. A.

Vety. Surgn. B. L. Glover, on arrival from England, to the 10th Hussars.

Vety. Surgn. E. Day, B-1 R. A., to 1-5 R. A.

Barkat Ali is appointed moonshee to the 2nd Battn. Devonshire Regt., vice Moonshee Syed Mir Khan, deceased.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Fatehgarh Station order, dated 1st Nov., directing Major W. F. Dodsworth, Genl. List Infy., on return from general leave, to take over the duties of Station Staff Officer, Fatehgarh, from Major G. A. Lee, 1st Battn. Dhurham Light Infy.

Jullundur Station order, dated 17th Nov., directing Lieut.-Col. H. W. Gordon, 20th N. I. to assume command of the station of Jullundur, with effect from the 18th idem, vice Bt. Col. W. T. Corrie, 2nd Battn. Devonshire Regt.

Meerut Brigade order, dated 3rd Nov., appointing Col. W. Denis-de-Vitre, R. H. A., to assume command of the station, with effect from the 4th idem, during the absence on duty of the Lieut.-Genl. Comdg.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

Divisional Staff.—Lieut.-Col. J. D. Dyson-Laurie, (Asst. Adjt.-Genl. Lahore Divn.,) from the 11th to the 12th Nov., both days inclusive in extension of three months' privilege leave to enable him to rejoin.

Royal Horse Artillery.—Major W. R. C. Brough, (A Batty. B. Bgde.), to remain in England, from the 14th Oct. to the 14th April 1882, on the recommendation of a medical board, in extension of the leave granted him in G. O. C. C. 11th April, page 212.

2nd Battn. Northemberland Fusiliers.—Lieut. R. Southey, to port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing himself of it; and thence to England, for twelve months from date of embarkation, on medical certificate.

The undermentiond medical subordinate has leave of absence:—

1st Class Apothy. H. W. Johnson, for three months, in extention of the sick leave granted him in G. O. C. C. 9th May.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LT.-COL. COMDT. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, December 6.

Volunteer A. Fernandez, D. Company, is granted two months' leave of absence from this date.

The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date, and posted to Companies as follows:—

Volunteer H. Strong to A. Company, Buglers P. Menesse, A. Wood, P. Gerrard, J. Glansey, to D. Company, Volunteers W. E. Jukes to A. Company, H. W. and E. R. Critchall to D. Company.

The 200, 300, and 700 yards ranges at Cooria will be reserved for C. Company on Friday next, the 9th instant, for the Kemp medal competition.

By order,
A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873).

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."

This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT'S the Government Stamp, Intact on having those and none other.*.* "AGENTS WANTED.

NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS, & TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY which cannot be delivered at BELLA VISTA, MAHABLESHWUR, by noon on THURSDAY, the 8th Instant, should be addressed to Government House, Parel, Bombay, until further notice.

G. H. R. HART,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

Bella Vista, Mahableshwur, 4th Decr., 1881.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATHS.

AYABAI—December 6th, at her father's residence, Mazagon, Ayabai, daughter of Framjee Nusserwanjee Patell, and wife of Rustomjee Burjorjee Mody. Funeral will take place at 7 a.m. this day.

SHIPP—December 2nd, at Khundwa, C. P. Harold Barter, son of Wm. Shipp G. I. P. Railway, Lanoli, of diptheria, aged 4 years and 10 months.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

HOLMES—November 22nd, Augustus Holmes, son of Mr. Robert Holmes, killed accidentally while working on the construction of the P. N. S. Railway near Attock, by a material trolly capsizing, aged 20 years.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"D. H."—Thanks, but too long for insertion.

"TESTIMONY."—Address "Investigator," care of Editor, *Bombay Gazette*, and we will forward your letter.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1881.

LORD RIPON'S addresses at Delhi, Agra, Ajmere, Chitore, and other places breathe throughout such generous sentiments towards the people and princes of India, that we are not surprised to find them hailed with delight by almost the whole of the Vernacular Press. That they are conned over by rulers of Native States with a certain feeling of relief we can readily believe. Not that His Excellency's predecessor in office did not at times give expression to similar views, but in the politico-fiscal relations between the British Government and the native rulers, as exemplified by the negotiations conducted under the Government of the late Viceroy for the abolition of the salt line on the frontiers of Native States, and the supply of opium for consumption within their territory in this presidency, native rulers found that the action of the Government of India indicated a very wide departure from the principles and policy enunciated in public addresses by the responsible head of the Government at Viceregal durbars. For one thing Lord Ripon appears to have won universal confidence, and that is the sincerity of his declarations, and their consistency with action taken in course of practical administration. And where under the present Government a certain course of action would appear to run counter to the declared policy of the Viceroy, it is satisfactory to note that the departure, if any, from sound policy involved in such measure, is attributed by the States concerned more to the official advisers of the Government of India than to the personal views of the head of the Government. Referring to Native States in the address to the students of the Mayo College, Lord Ripon observed that "it will always be the aim of my policy, so long as I fill the office which I now occupy, to maintain the integrity and dignity of the Native States of India, and to promote to the utmost in my power their prosperity and well-being. But, at the same time, I am no less impressed with the deep responsibility which rests with the Government of India with regard to the well-being of the inhabitants of those States. The British rule in this peninsula has established throughout the length and breadth of the land an uninterrupted and unbroken peace. That is one of the greatest claims which we can put forward to the attachment of the chiefs and inhabitants of India. But the very fact that that peace is maintained by the power of the English name throws of itself a great responsibility upon the Government to see that the inhabitants of the Native States do not suffer from misgovernment or oppression. And it is undoubtedly a task of no small difficulty and delicacy to reconcile that freedom from harassing and needless interference which we desire to secure to the Native Princes and Chiefs with that protection from injustice and oppression which we are bound to afford to the people who dwell in their territories." These words undoubtedly define the lines of British interference with the internal affairs of Native States, and native rulers all over the land have already realized their true significance by shaping their course in a direction calculated to promote the well-being of their subjects and to call forth the approval of the Government of India. And it cannot be denied that in endeavouring to follow up the wishes of the Government, they appreciate their disinterested motives. But in fiscal relations with the British Government they find it hard to reconcile this disinterestedness and this liberality on the part of the Government with the moral pressure brought to bear upon them to secure results evidently calculated to favour the all-powerful Government at the expense of the Native States; so that while the native rulers would be glad to abide by the dictum of Lord Ripon, that as long as they do not oppress their subjects, and endeavour to promote their happiness, they need fear no interference on the part of our Government with their internal affairs, they find themselves placed in an awkward and, at times, in a delicate position in treating with our Government about questions which seriously compromise their position and dignity on the one hand, and the welfare of their subjects on the other.

These considerations have been suggested by the recent measures of our Government in respect of the supply of opium to Native States in this presidency for local consumption. The question has been a bone of contention for some years past between the Native States of Kathiawar and Cutch on the one part, and the Bombay Government on the other. For nearly sixty years these States have obtained their supplies of opium for internal consumption without payment of duty to the British Government. In fact, our Government appear to have supplied Malwa opium to the States at prime cost, plus, of course, charges incidental to the safe despatch of opium from Bombay to its place of destination, such as Rajkote. On the passing of the Opium Act of 1878, stricter measures appear to have been introduced to regulate the supplies to Native States. They are permitted to obtain the requisite quantity, through Government or other agency, either direct from Malwa, subject to the duty leviable thereon, or to purchase the drug from the Bombay market, and receive it under passes or permits from the Collector of Bombay, or meet their wants from a recognised central depôt. On all such purchases, however, our Government allow the States in question a drawback at the rate of twenty per cent. of the amount of the pass fee, according to the last Administration Report of the Bombay Presidency, but which, we understand, has since been increased to one-third of the pass fee, in consideration of the States undertaking to use effective measures to prevent smuggling. A striking, and what appears to us an anomalous, feature of this new arrangement in regard to the supply of opium for consumption within the territory of Native States is that, whereas the land-locked States of Pahlunpur, Radhunpur, and those grouped under the Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha Agencies enjoy a total exemption from the pass-fee (Rs. 700 per chest), the States of Kathiawar, Cutch, and others lying on the western coast of the presidency are taxed to the extent of two-thirds of this pass-fee. This looks invidious, and unless cogent reasons exist for the maintenance of such a distinction, bears an aspect of unfairness about it. If the Government undertake to supply Native States with opium required for domestic consumption within their territory, or permit them to import the drug direct from Malwa, let the pass-fee, or portion of the pass-fee, leviable on such opium, be levied on them all alike. It cannot be pretended that the Central States of Gujarat have any stronger title to exemption than that adduced, or which might be adduced, by the coast line States of the presidency. On the contrary, having regard to the past history of this opium monopoly trade of Western India with China, and the efforts which our Government made to prevent the exportation of untaxed opium to China through the coast ports of the Native States, and the pledges our Government gave to the native rulers on the coast line at the time, one would think there is a good case for total exemption from duty, or for the right of poppy cultivation within the limits of their territory. The result of the present inequality in the levy of the pass-fee is the constant complaints on the part of the Opium Commissioner of the Presidency in regard to the quantity of opium consumed in different Native States—complaints which, from their being of a diametrically opposite character, seem almost ludicrous. Against the States receiving duty-free opium, the complaint has been that their domestic consumption has been much higher than it should be, and a suspicion lurks, whether reasonably or unreasonably it is hard to say, that the increased quantity of free opium must afford opportunities for smuggling. In the case of States supplied with duty-paid opium the complaint invariably has been that the consumption of opium as represented by the number of chests reported to have been consumed is very much less than what it should be, regard being had to the number of the population in each State. That there is a direct loss to the British opium revenue arising from a larger supply of free opium to certain Native States and a smaller consumption of dutiable drug in others admits of no question, but the invidious distinctions made in the mode of supply introduce an element of vexation and meddlesomeness which it is highly expedient in the interests of both parties to avoid. Let the British Government supply either free or duty-paid opium for internal consumption in native territory, but let that supply be equally free or equally dutiable to all Native States alike. The present mode of supply is highly objectionable. The suspicion as to smuggled opium passing in or through Native States suggests a question as to what our Political Agents are doing if they are unable to deal with cases of this kind. A consistent policy in the mode of supply would, we venture to affirm, remove most, if not all, grounds of complaint on the part of the Native States and of suspicion on the part of our Political Agents. The question really is one which calls for a judicious treatment by the Government of India.

THERE was published in the *Gazette of India* of Saturday a long correspondence which has taken place between the Government of India and the various representative commercial bodies and associations throughout the country on the subject of a Trade Marks Bill. It refers to the second Bill which has been brought forward on the subject by the Indian Government. The first had been withdrawn by the Select Committee of the Indian Council, to whom it had been referred, and this second Bill, called "The Indian Trade Marks Act of 1880," was brought forward in its place. It speaks volumes, however, for the difficulties that surround the subject that, after comments and suggestions received from all the Chambers of Commerce and Trade Associations throughout India, it has been finally decided, for the time at least, to withdraw the latest Bill also; and, indeed all attempts to legislate on the subject at all, are, for the present, abandoned. We are rather inclined to think that this is the wisest resolution that could have been arrived at, and that the law, with all its uncertainties, is best left in its present position. We are not at present going to attempt a full discussion of so large and intricate a question, but it has always seemed to us that the English Trade Marks Act was a piece of fussy, meddling, and useless legislation, got up by some busybodies of the associated Chambers of Commerce, and passed by Parliament without due consideration of what they were doing. It secured no man any just right that he did not possess under the old law. It sometimes, no doubt, enabled and encouraged unscrupulous people to claim and appropriate things to which they had no proper exclusive right, and it threw on every one a new and unnecessary expense in the way of registration. We don't wonder the Indian Government gave up the subject in despair. The Government Bill pleased no one, and every Chamber and Association seemed to have different views as to what the wants of the country really were. Our local Chamber went into the subject very fully, and the final result which they arrived at was, we think, a just one,—"that a special Act for India would provide no more satisfactory protection than at present exists, and the alternative proposal to come under the English Act would be attended with many disadvantages."

WE detest personal polemics, and will not on any account enter into a discussion as to the relative merits of rival candidates for the post of Chairman of the Municipal Corporation. We object to the selection of Sir Frank Souter for that office not because he is Sir Frank Souter, but because he is Commissioner of Police, and in that capacity—it is not denied by his supporters—must give his casting vote for the Government whose immediate subordinate he is, and against the Corporation, if he be made Chairman of that body. As everybody knows, questions are constantly arising which are in debate between the Government and the Corporation. The abstraction of Rs. 15,000 from the police grant due to the Municipality by the Government for the working of the C. D. Act is a case in point. No one believes for a moment that the Commissioner of Police would be free to vote impartially on this question when next the Corporation takes action in it with a view to the recovery of the money improperly withheld. And so of other questions. Therefore we object to the Commissioner of Police being made Chairman of the Corporation. We make no attack upon Sir Frank Souter. We admit his popularity and are quite prepared to acquiesce in all that is said in praise of his good qualities. It is to be regretted, but it is not surprising, that those who take a different view are not prepared to discuss it in this impersonal spirit. A personal and spiteful attack has been made in the columns of a contemporary upon the present Chairman, Dr. Blaney, who it is supposed might stand a fair chance of re-election if he be not put out of the field by a little judicious misrepresentation, and a good deal of undisguised intrigue. For our part we are not at all desirous of posing as the advocates of Dr. Blaney for the Chairmanship of the Corporation. If that body preferred Mr. R. N. Khote, or the Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, or Mr. Carroll, or anybody else fairly qualified for the duties of the position, we should have readily acquiesced in the choice. There can be little doubt, however, that had the matter been left to the free choice of the majority, Dr. Blaney would have commanded on this occasion, as on the former, the greater number of votes. His long services to the city give him a claim which would not be overlooked. But the matter has not been left to the free choice of the majority. The members have been surprised in detail into giving pledges to vote for Sir Frank Souter. The native members, we hope, will not be offended if we say out what everybody thinks,—that taking them as a body, they are deficient in backbone, and when solicited in detail to vote for an official, that official being chief of police, they have not the moral courage to say, "No." This weakness has been dexterously availed of by Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee, who has actively pressed, by circular and otherwise, for promises which he knew would not be withheld, though the majority, if left to themselves, would most probably not have thought it advisable to vote for the Commissioner of Police on the day of election. He has, as a matter of fact, we understand, succeeded in committing a large number of members to a pledge to vote for Sir Frank Souter. Will Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee and his friends cancel these promises and leave the members free to use their own judgment in the matter of the election of the Chairman? If this be done, no doubt the members will decide rightly and elect the man they think best for the post. A daily contemporary is made to say that under the present Chairman the Corporation has been allowed to talk too much, and that a strong Chairman, like Sir Frank Souter, would not permit so much time to be wasted. As a matter of fact, there has been much less debating during the last twelve months than in previous years, and this for a very good reason: most of the competent debaters have from one cause or another left the Corporation. It cannot be said that those who occupy their places help on business by their silence, for to silence is too frequently added absence. It is owing to their apathy that the Corporation has of late so often failed to constitute a meeting, and public business has got into arrears. These useless members may find it easy to ascribe to the Chairman, who is always at his post, and has an unrivalled knowledge of the city and its affairs, the result of their own incompetence and indifference. But the public will not give credit to their flippant impertinences. Be that as it may, it will be a sad day for municipal government in India when a strong Government Chairman is permitted to put his foot down and stop discussion.

IT is but fair to a citizen who has done good work for this city to point out to the writer who asserts that Dr. Blaney is disqualified for the Chairmanship of the Corporation, because he has in some way failed in his duty as Chairman during the last year, that he was for three years previ

TELEGRAMS.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM FOR THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR GARNET WOLSELEY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DEC. 5, 6 P.M.

Sir Garnet Wolseley succeeds Sir Charles Ellice as Adjutant-General of the Army in April next.

THE EMPRESS EUGENIE.

The Empress Eugenie has been ill. She is now better, but is still confined to her room. The Queen visits her next week.

AN OFFICER SHOT BY A SENTRY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, DEC. 6.

Major Dixon, Royal Artillery, was shot by a sentry on the night of the 2nd instant at Peshawur. The wound is believed to be not fatal.

THE RAILWAY TO NOWSHERA.

Two engines have been successfully ferried across the Indus at Attock. Arrangements will now be made to open the line to Nowshera on the 1st January.

THE 8TH HUSSARS.

The Lahore paper says that Colonel Chaplain, 8th Hussars, probably goes home shortly, and that Lieut.-Colonel Field, just gazetted, succeeds him.

EUROPEAN CAVALRY AT RAWULPINDI.

Government have decided permanently to locate a regiment of European cavalry at Rawulpindi, and one-and-a-half lakh of rupees have been sanctioned for stables.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

DISASTER TO THE PINNACE OF H. M. S. LONDON.

LONDON, DEC. 5.

News has been received that the pinnace of H. M. S. London attacked a slave dhow off Zanzibar on the 3rd instant, and in the fight that followed Captain Charles J. Brownrigg (who commanded the expedition) and four of his men were killed. The slave dhow escaped.

SIR GARNET WOLSELEY.

LONDON, DEC. 6.

It is officially announced that Sir Garnet Wolseley assumes the office of Adjutant-General in April next.

THE AMERICAN CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, DEC. 5.

Both Houses of Congress assembled to-day. The President's message is postponed.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, DEC. 5.

The Hall Line steamer Branksome Hall arrived here from Bombay this afternoon.

LISBON, DEC. 5.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Kangra, homeward bound from Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here this afternoon.

PORT SAID, DEC. 5.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Arcot left here this evening.

ADEN, DEC. 5.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Canara left here this evening.

LONDON, DEC. 5.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Fair Dholleras	4 11-16
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
3½ per cent. Sterling Loans	101¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	84¼
4½ " "	91⅝
3 per cent. Consols for account	99⅞
6 French Rentes	118
Bar Silver	51 15-16
Arrival—Alvah.	
Departure—Orient.	

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(DECEMBER 6.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect to Berlin. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect to Berlin. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, interrupted.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, interrupted.

Kurrachee, December 4, 8-21 p.m.—Teheran route right as far as Berlin. The two Anglo-German cables from Borkum and Nordeney are interrupted.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY, NIGHT, DECEMBER 5.
(Madras time.)

At 10 p.m. .. .. 73·7 Farht.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 6.

At 6 a.m.	70·0
" 10 a.m.	78·1
" 2 p.m.	83·7
" 4 p.m.	83·0

H. E. THE GOVERNOR has announced his intention to hold a levée during his few days' stay in Bombay before proceeding to Baroda to instal the Gaekwar. The levée will be held at the Secretariat on Wednesday next, the 14th instant, at half, past four o'clock, gentlemen not wearing uniform are to appear in "a frock or dress-coat, with white or coloured trousers."

AFTER his visit to Baroda Sir James Fergusson goes to Kathiawar, and will invest the Thakur of Bhownuggur with the order of K. C. S. I. The ceremony of investiture will be performed at Rajkot, and Colonel and Mrs. Lebreton have issued a four days' invitation to a large number of guests. His Excellency returns to Bombay *vid* Mangode.

WHEN Colonel Stacey goes home in January next, it is said he will probably be succeeded, as Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, by Captain H. Fergusson, Rifle Brigade, now aide-de-camp to Sir James Fergusson.

THE "Council of the Governor-General" for making laws and regulations has been summoned to meet at Calcutta to-day.

THE Viceroy's levée in Calcutta on Saturday was attended by over 1,000 persons.

AT the meeting of the Corporation yesterday afternoon the subject of the proposed loan of 60 lakhs for the completion of the Tulsi water supply works, the sewerage works, and the surface drainage works came on for discussion. The Hon'ble Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, in a speech which occupied an hour in delivery, asked the Corporation to carry out only the first section of the work by way of experiment. He proposed an amendment to the effect that the subject be referred back to the Town Council with the request that they would be good enough to frame a scheme for the ways and means of the execution of the work, and submit the same to the Corporation. Mr. Nowrozjee Furdoonjee followed in, and although he commenced his address at about four o'clock, he had not finished it when the Corporation adjourned shortly after five.

THE district reports of the Bombay Presidency for the week ended the 30th October state that there were 26 deaths from cholera in the Poona city and a few cases in the Haveli, Khed, and Junnar talukas. There were 4 deaths in the Ahmednagar collectorate. From Rajkot it is reported that "cholera continues in Navanagar, is abating in Jetpur, and rare cases occur in Morvi and Gondal." The Collector of Sholapur reports "cholera disappeared," and in the Nasik collectorate, we are informed, the disease is "abating."

IN consequence of the reduction of Artillery in India, the following batteries have been placed under orders to proceed to England this season, viz., I. Battery A. Brigade, Sialkot; A. Battery B. Brigade, Umballa; C. Battery B. Brigade, Secunderabad; O. Battery 6th Brigade, Bellary; No. 19 Battery 8th Brigade, Lahore; No. 1 Battery 9th Brigade, Allahabad; No. 19 Battery, 9th Brigade St. Thomas's Mount.

IT has been notified to the military authorities, that passengers will not be disembarked from the P. & O. Company's steamers at Southampton after the 27th instant. The vessels will proceed direct to Plymouth, and thence to London. All Military passengers embarked under the terms of the contract will accordingly be landed at the former port.

DR. T. H. THORNTON, C. S. I., has resigned the Bengal Civil Service, and his appointment of Judge of the Chief Court of the Punjab has been conferred on Mr. A. Brandreth.

H. E. THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL has been pleased to appoint Mr. G. H. P. Evans, Barrister-at-law, and Mr. Luis Forbes, of the Madras Civil Service, to be Additional Members of the Council of the Governor-General for the purpose of making laws and regulations.

TWENTY-SEVEN men were taken by the police to the General Hospital Madras, on the night of Friday last for treatment of wounds and fractures received in rows on this night of the Moharum.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY before leaving Benares wrote himself to Lieutenant-Colonel Rivett-Carnac, expressing the satisfaction he had derived from the perusal of General Sir H. Macpherson's report, and what especial satisfaction it gave him to hear of the interest which district officers in the N. W. P. had taken in the Volunteer movement. His Excellency hoped that the good example thus set will be widely followed elsewhere.

MAJOR KENNY HERBERT, Military Secretary to the late Governor of Madras, has been appointed Assistant Secretary in the Military Department, *vice* Major J. Davidson, transferred to the Adjutant-General's Department.

THE Lahore paper hears that one night last week eight Martini-Henry rifles were stolen from the barracks of the Queen's Royal West Surrey Regiment, at Peshawur.

IT is reported that there is so little disease of a malignant description among the transport cattle in the Naga Hills, that the Veterinary Surgeon who was deputed there on special duty has been ordered to return to Jullundur.

TRAVELLERS from Kabul, now in Lahore, the local paper states, report that the Amir is practising great oppression upon his subjects. Letters from Kabul for India are twice opened and inspected before reaching Peshawar.

AN up-country paper understands that the Deoli Irregulars are likely to be supplied before long with breech-loading arms, as the regiments of Bengal Cavalry now are.

THE latest Punjab Police report shows an increase in the number of murders by dacoits and robbers. There has also been an increase of dacoities and robberies in the cis-Indus districts, which is by no means satisfactory. Sir Robert Egerton, in reviewing the report, says:—"The offences of robbery and dacoity, whether with or without murder, so seriously affect the public peace of the neighbourhood, that every effort must be made to check the prevalence of such crimes."

THE Khojas of Kurrachee are at loggerheads again, the *Sind Civil and Military Gazette* says. On Thursday last at about sunset a disturbance took place at their Imambara between the two factions known as the "Panjbhai" and "Pirai," owing to the former having placed in the open yard wooden benches to serve as seats for some policemen who were on duty there. There was nothing serious except that the members of each faction pelted the other with a good deal of Billingsgate. On the following day the heads of the two factions lodged complaints against each other and some other persons for abuse and assault, in the court of the City Magistrate. A day for the hearing of these complaints will be fixed by the magistrate. Mr. Nanabhai represents the "Punjbhais," and Mr. Carnegy the "Pirais."

THE reports of the Revenue and Agricultural Department on the state of the season and prospects of the crops throughout India for the week ending the 29th November are summed up in the following "general remarks":—Winter crops are generally thriving in Bengal, and, except in Orissa, where the late rice crop has suffered to some extent from want of rain, prospects continue favourable. In the North-Western Provinces and Oudh no rain is reported; though early winter rains are much needed, the *rabi* sowings have been nearly completed, and irrigation is being generally resorted to. In the Punjab also rain is needed, but prospects on the whole continue good. In the Rajputana and Central India States, in the Central Provinces and Berar, agricultural prospects continue in a satisfactory condition. In the Bombay Presidency the want of moisture is still felt in parts. In the Nizam's Territories, and in Mysore and Coorg, crops are doing well. In the Madras Presidency the rains have done much good to the crops; and although more rain is required in parts, prospects are on the whole good. In Assam the reaping of *sali* rice is progressing. In British Burma the late rain has done slight damage to the more advanced crops in parts, but agricultural prospects are generally satisfactory.

WE hear through the Press Commissioner's office that notwithstanding careful inquiry, the rumour as to several British and native solders being captives in Western Afghanistan remains unconfirmed. Intelligence has, however, been received from Herat that after Ayoub Khan's first flight from Kandahar, several Mahomedans arrived from that place and gave out that they were natives of Peshawur and had deserted from the British force. Ayoub Khan is said to have treated them with kindness, and ordered their expenses to be paid. Subsequently one of these men had a quarrel with a Kandahari soldier, and killed him. Ayoub Khan, on hearing of this, had the murderer put to death. The remainder of these men accompanied Ayoub Khan when he left for Kandahar, and first time. It is also reported that some time ago a man "who looked like an Englishman" reached Herat *viâ* Anar Darrah. He gave out that he was a native of Kabul, but on being questioned, appeared, to know nothing of Kabul or its residents. Ayoub Khan thereup on placed him under arrest, but after some time as nothing could be proved against him, he was liberated and left Herat. Nothing further is known regarding his movements.

AMONG the specifications of inventions filed in the office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department are the following:—Francis Richard Arabin Brown Constable, Major Bengal Staff Corps, No. 3 Cantonments, Allahabad, for improvements in portable (field) photographic dark tents and operating room, and cabinet-ware in general; Charles James Hislop Warden, of the Medical College, Calcutta, Surgeon, for the removal of low boiling point hydrocarbons from mineral oils without distillation; Edward Harris Steel, Major Bengal Staff Corps, for lifting or drawing water from wells, ponds, rivers, canals, &c., or wheresoever it is required that water should be lifted; Walter Ernest Forbes, Major Bengal Staff Corps, and Deputy Commissioner in Oudh, residing at Gonda, in Oudh, for punching, stamping, or cutting court fee-labels and adhesive stamps liable to cancellation, in such manner as to render fraud in connection with such labels and stamps practically impossible, and thus to effectually protect this branch of the Imperial revenues.

REGARDING the anthology of poems written by Anglo-Indians from the period of Warren Hastings down to the present time which Dr. Hunter is compiling, the *Bombay Educational Record* writes:—A doubt has been raised by one of our correspondents as to whether the compiler will accept any unpublished verses written by an Anglo-Indian. There can be no question, we should think, that such verses will be inserted in the anthology, provided they are clearly within the standard of excellence which Dr. Hunter has laid down for himself. The compiler, however, has no enviable task before him in having to decide on the merits of verses written by living members of the *genus irritabile vatum*. Though we do not say this as a hint to our correspondent, whose verses, so far as he has allowed us to judge of them, are in every way excellent.

ON the subject of Madras time in Bombay, a local native paper, the *Indu Prakash*, writes:—The Resolution of the Government of Bombay that our clocks and watches, as also public business, shall be regulated by Madras time, came into force on Thursday last. As was to be expected, the change has taken all by a somewhat painful surprise. It is an ill wind that blows nobody good; and even if the change were simply nominal, that would have been a sufficiently strong condemnation of it. But the booming of the Government gun at 12-30 p. m., instead of at 1 p.m. (both Bombay time), on last Thursday told the Bombay public for the first time that the change meant a significant alteration in the regulation of Government business. It was supposed, before Thursday last, that the Government meant no harm, but simply directed that their offices should be said to open from 10-30 a.m., instead of 10 a.m., from the 1st of December. On that plea the public were asked to render themselves agreeable to the change. But what actually happens now is that Government offices are opened half an hour earlier than before, so that the employés have to steal half an hour from their precious mornings, and after hurrying on their breakfast or dinner, run post-haste to their work. It is no consolation that they return half an hour earlier. In some offices the employés are not allowed to return until it is sunset and dark, even though 5 p.m. be past. Such being the case, we doubt whether the mercantile houses in Bombay would heartily like the change. At any rate the native merchants, with whom the European firms in Bombay have so much to do, will not be tempted to go in for the change. In fact they have not yet understood its philosophy, and do not care much to know what it means. They are the slaves of habit, and no Government order will succeed in making a bunnia leave his house at Mandvie or Kalbadavie to visit the Fort at 9-30 a. m., instead of 10 a. m. The only official opposition offered to the change comes from the judges of the High Court, who have dealt with it as if, like other extra-judicial orders of Government, the present order cannot and should not affect them, so long as it emanates from His Excellency the Governor, and not from the Legislative Council of His Excellency. That is lawyerlike; but what does this want of harmony mean? It seems to us time enough for Sir James Fergusson to cancel the order and fall back on our precious Bombay time, which served us well for so many years without disturbing either business or amusement.

THERE has been a small explosion of the subterranean fire always smouldering in Egypt, says the *Spectator*. The editor of a French journal there, *L'Egypte*, with that intolerance of creeds Frenchmen often display, in a recent issue styled Mahomed "the false prophet." The phrase naturally enough provoked Mahomedans, and "the Sheikhs of Azhar," expounding popular feeling, signified to him that they had sentenced him to death, and that he would consequently be assassinated. An intimation of that kind is serious, as hundreds of Dervishes would execute the order, and die with delight afterwards; and the unlucky editor applied for protection to his Consul. The Consul gave him a guard, but on inquiry found the danger so real, that he advised the editor to quit Egypt instantly, and sent him in disguise and under a special escort on board the steamer, where he remained in hiding for two hours, until the anchor was lifted. He loses, of course, his occupation and his property. The editor was foolish to make a remark which even in Bombay has before this provoked sanguinary riots; but the incident reveals how feeble the Europeans are, when the real forces in Egypt begin to stir. The Dervishes, backed by the mob and sure of the sympathies of the soldiery, would not have cared two straws for the risk of French vengeance. They would have expected aid from Allah, and have shouted "Kairouan!" the occupation of which city was, it is admitted, the *causa causans* of the whole business.

"There was a death-like pall over Newport that night."

THIS is an extract from an American paper, *Vanity Fair* says, and does not refer, as might be supposed, to the death of General Garfield, but only to the defeat of a crack American racing sloop by a second-rate English cutter. "What I like so much about these Yankees is the hearty way in which they take a thrashing. They never sulk; on the contrary, they rather boast of the drubbing, if it has really been a good one. They pay up and look pleasant, but they don't rest till they have turned the tables. Everyone must remember the humorous way in which the Northern papers described the defeat of the North at Bull's Run. It was a big defeat, and they gloried in it because it was big. It did not prevent them from pegging away until the South collapsed. And now that they have recognised the fact that their type of yacht is wrong, they may be trusted to work on the Britisher's lines until they have headed him once more, when they will sit down and survey creation with a smile of ineffable content—I had nearly written contempt."

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p. m.
Band, Bombay Volunteer Rifles, Apollo-bunder, evening.
Divine Service, St. Thomas's Cathedral, 8-45 p.m.

VESSEL ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived yesterday:—Chinsura (s), from Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Oorun (s), for Coast and Cutch; Atheluxmie, Colombo; Scindia (s), Rangoon; Calabria (s), Natal.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO-BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Apollo-bunder this evening:—

March	Oestreicher Lager .... Tischler.
Overture	Tancredi..... Rossini.
Second Grand Selection	Macbeth..... Verdi.
Valse	Elisen Tanze..... Gung'l.
Quadrille	Les Meloliens..... Strauss.
Galop	Jagers Lust ..... Riede.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.—We learn that the Rao Sahib Venayekrao G. Kibe of Indore has become a Life Member of the National Indian Association in a payment of £20 to the funds of that body.

TULSI LAKE.—The total fall of rain at the Tulsi Lake at 6 a. m. on Sunday, the 4th instant, was 86 inches and 11 cents. The height of water in the Lake was 43·90 feet. The height in the corresponding week last year was 42·14.

GIVING FALSE INFORMATION.—Doorjee, a woman, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of giving false information of theft to police havildar No. 1136 C., with intent to annoy one Nanjee Tejpal. She was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 15.

BOMBAY S. P. C. A.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted by the agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals during the week ending the 3rd instant:—Horse, lame 1; bullocks, lame 11, sore neck 31, emaciated 6, having tumours on neck 3, overloaded 3. Total number of cases 55.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF PROPERTY.—Piroji Bayaji was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of dishonestly misappropriating sundry articles, consisting of a sarree and gold ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 36-4, the property of a deceased person. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE POISONING CASE.—Shaik Hoosein Mahomed was yesterday charged before Mr. P. Ryan with administering a stupefying drug to two women, Yessee and Jankee, on the night of the 28th ultimo, at Coolwada, near Mandavie. After the evidence of Yessee had been taken, the case was adjourned for further hearing to the 20th instant.

LOSS OF A DIAMOND RING.—Mr. F. Limberger, residing on the third floor of Watson's Esplanade Hotel, reported to the police on Monday last the theft of a gold ring set with a diamond, and valued at Rs. 350, which is alleged to have been stolen from complainant's bath-room at that hotel, where he had inadvertently left it. A search was made by the police, but no trace of the property could be found.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Waree-bunder, on the body of Dowlut Moraree. Deceased was a labourer employed at the G. I. P. Railway station at Waree-bunder. Yesterday morning, while a train of empty wagons was being made up by shunting, the deceased accidentally fell across the rails unperceived, and the train of wagons passed over him, killing him on the spot. The verdict was "that the death of the deceased was caused by injuries received by his having been accidentaly run over by a railway train."

THE CHARGE OF CHEATING.—Yesterday at the Fort Police Court, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Kassirenath Junardhun and Framjee Cowasjee, clerks in the firm of Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Company, agents of the B. I. S. N. Company at Bombay, and F. Pereira, a sailmaker, were brought up on remand and charged with cheating, &c., in respect of sundry sums of money dishonestly received from the firm of Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Company. Mr. Craigie, of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, appeared for the prosecution; Mr. Nanu appeared on behalf of prisoner No. 1; Mr. Sorabjee for prisoner No. 2; and Mr. Pherozeshaw Mehta, barrister-at-law, on behalf of prisoner No. 3. Mr. W. F. Potts, the Dock Superintendent of the B. I. S. N. Company's dock at Mazagon, was examined at some length in respect of several bills that had been passed by him for work done by the sailmaker Pereira, prisoner No. 3, and other moneys paid to him, which were drawn out by prisoner No. 1. The examination of this witness was not concluded when the court adjourned the further hearing of the case to Monday next, the 12th instant, at 12 o'clock noon.

A BREACH OF THE PEACE DURING THE TABOOT PROCESSION.—A Mahomedan named Ahmed Shaik Mea was charged yesterday before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee with wantonly doing an illegal act, by throwing a brick against the Hazria Mohla taboot while passing through Chowkey Mohla, and thereby giving provocation to the persons belonging to Huzria Mohla who were accompanying the taboot, intending or knowing it to be likely that such provocation would have caused the commission of the offence of rioting. Mr. Sayani, solicitor, appeared for the defence. The facts of this case were that there has been a long standing feud between the Mahomedan residents of Chowkey Mohla and Huzria Mohla, and in consequence of information which had been received by the police, the parties had been warned by the Deputy Commissioner. However, on Saturday last, the taboot procession day, the prisoner, who belonged to the Chowkey Mohla party, on seeing the Huzria Mohla taboot pass his street, threw a stone at the taboot and broke the top, and called out *maro ! maro !* when other residents of the street came up and threw stones at the taboot and the people around it. Upon this the processionists got highly excited, and would have committed a riot but for the presence of the police, who pacified the persons in charge of the taboot. The evidence of Constable Kalkhoven eand several native policemen satisfactorily established the charge. Mr. Sayani made a long speech in defence of the prisoner, and his Worship in disposing of the case said that he could not overlook the character of the offence, on account of the serious consequences which would have ensued had the police not succeeded in pacifying the persons who had accompanied the taboot; a serious riot would have taken place, and lives would probably have been endangered. Conduct like that of the prisoner, calculated to excite sectarian animosities and lead to serious consequences, ought to be put down. His Worship sentenced the prisoner to two months' rigorous imprisonment. Mr. Sayani requested that the prisoner might be punished by a fine. The magistrate declined to alter his sentence.

LIFE AT QUETTA.—A friend, writing from Quetta on the 21st November, says:—"Theft is becoming rather too common here to be comfortable. Last night Colonel Fano's horse was stolen from the officers' quarters, and I hear that robberies all the way down the Bolan are of almost daily occurrence. A few days ago a Sowar of the Sind Horse shot a Brahni robber dead. If a few more were to be similarly caught it would do good. We get in every night ice from half to one-third of an inch thick."—Sind, *Civil and Military Gazette.*

SERIOUS ROBBERY IN BOMBAY.—His Highness Aga Ali Shah has telegraphed (to Kurrachee) from Bombay of the loss of diamonds and jewelry of the value of about Rs. 50,000, which are supposed to have been carried off by a Mogul named Ismael Mirza, who was in his service. This man is now supposed to be in Kurrachee, and the police are endeavouring to ferret him out. To help them in the search His Highness has sent one of his employés to identify the man, who, it is said, is in disguise here, and supposed to have assumed several *aliases.—Id.*

KURRACHEE HUNT CLUB.—The Club met at the 98th Mess at 2 p. m., on Tuesday last, but only three members, Major Raper, Captain Johnson, and Captain Allen, turned up. A wolf was found lying out in the sand-hills beyond the "Towers of Silence," and with a long start in his favour headed for the hills on the far side of the plain. Though he was turned twice he made his point good, and was lost on a stony hill, where probably he went to ground after a capital run of about four miles. The going for the last mile was very rough over sheet-rock and boulders, and though the spears got very close to him they could never quite get up.—*Id.*

SHAMEFUL NEGLECT.—We regret to learn that the graveyard at Kotree is in a very disgraceful state. We do not know in whose charge it is, but whoever is responsible for its present state ought to be ashamed of himself. The wholeplace is overrun with weeds and rank vegetation, and the accumulation of rubbish and the remnants of masonry materials is simply disgraceful. The *old* cemetery presents a more respectable appearance, and it is difficult to understand why the one in use is so shamefully neglected. Perhaps the reason is that it is situate at a distance from the station, and is never visited except when some poor creature is consigned to the grave.—*Id.*

THE NAWAB OF BHAWULPORE'S VISIT TO SIND.—The Nawab of Bhawulpore has arrived at Kotri. A correspondent writes:—"A notice was circulated this morning that His Highness's band would play on the river bank in the evening. I expected to hear discordant sounds of fifes and drums, but was agreeably disappointed. I did not go to the bank, but I heard the band from my office tent, and I must say that it is really an excellent one. In fact, it is quite equal to either of the bands in Kurrachee in the matter of ordinary tunes. I understand the Nawab is here negotiating for the purchase of some of the vessels of the defunct Indus Flotilla. He is a great swell, and goes about preceded by a body-guard of riflemen.—*Id.*

UNIVERSITY EXAMINERSHIPS.—When will the Syndicate of the University of Bombay learn to do away with that objectionable system of appointing the professors or teachers of a college or school examiners? The system is certainly objectionable, and we ask this question as the conduct of a certain examiner (who, unfortunately, happens to be connected with one of the colleges) at one of the University examinations, just ended, has been complained of as unnecessarily severe with regards to another college. It appears the examiner in question asked the candidates, belonging to the other college, what college they belonged to, who taught a certain subject, whether that teacher knew the subject well, and whether he had taken a degree at any of the English universities and so on. The candidates could only take these questions in the light of rebuke administered to their teacher, and the report now goes about to the effect that the questions were asked, because the examiner belonged to one college and the questioned candidates to another. The account we have heard may be exaggerated, but under any circumstances, the system, which *alone* encourages such reports, ought to be done away with. We have also heard another complaint, which serves to prove the evils of the system we speak of. Certain questions were set at some of the University Examinations by certain examiners, and it was discovered by the candidates that those questions had been taught to his students by their Professor, and he was one of the examiners. —*Indu Prakash.*

DIVINE SERVICE.

ST. THOMAS'S CATHEDRAL.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7.

Special Advent Services.
8-45 p.m.—Litany and Sermon.

THURSDAY.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.

BACK-BAY SWIMMING-BATH.

THE following additional subscriptions] have been received:—

Mr. D. Gostling (family life membership)	...	Rs. 250
" J. R. Duxbury	...	100
" Charles Chambers	...	20
" J. R. Morgan	...	20
" H. Huggett	...	20
" H. Huggett	...	10
" J. Macmillan	...	10
Amount already announced	...	2,191
Total	...	Rs. 2,621

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned Special General Meeting of the Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, Dr. Thomas Blaney presiding. There were also present—Messrs. J. C. Aguiar, Atmaram Pandurung, J. Bapty, Byramjee Dadabhoy, Drs. T. Cody, H. Cook, Messrs. Cowasjee Hormusjee, P. C. DeSouza, J. R. Duxbury, Fazulbhoy Visram, E. R. Freeborn, D. E. Gostling, Colonel H. F. Hancock, Messrs. Hirjee Ardasir Dady, Homejee Cursetjee Dady, Hormusjee Dadabhoy, Hormusjee Nowrojee Saklatwalla, H. E. Jacomb, Javerilall Umiashunkur Yajnik, Jehangir Dosabhoy Framjee, Joomabhoy Laljee, D. S. Kemp, Mahomed Ali Rogay, Munchərjee Nowrojee Banajee, N. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Nowrozjee Furdoonjee, P. Peterson, Dr. J. Pinkerton, Messrs. Raghoonath Narayen Khote, Rahimtula Mahomed Sayani, Shewjee Dhurmajee, Sir F. H. Souter, Kt., Messrs. Tribhowundas Munguldas, C. A. Turner, Vandrawundas, Purshotumdas, and the Hon'ble Rao Saheb Vishvanath Narayen Mandlik.

THE DRAINAGE LOAN.

The Chairman read the Town Council's resolution, dated the 24th October, on the subject. It is as follows:—

"That the Council recommend the Corporation to adopt the proposals contained in the Municipal Commissioner's letter No. 9346 of 1881, and to authorise him to ask Government whether they are willing to grant a loan not exceeding 60 lakhs, or to allow such loan to be raised in the open market, sufficient to complete the Tulsi water supply works, the sewerage works, and the surface drainage works, as specified in Statement No. 6 of his letter—the exact sum necessary to be ascertained by detailed surveys and estimates—and that towards the execution of these works of 15 lakhs, or authorise the raising of such loan in the public market, for expenditure during the year 1882, as shown approximately below:—

	Rs.
Malabar Hill reservoir	4,00,000
Tulsi purchase and other works	78,000
House connections, 1st section	5,40,000
Queen's-road intercepting sewer Rs. 1,92,000, less Rs. 50,000 Government contribution	1,42,000
Two new pumping engines	88,000
Extension of sewerage works, beginning with surveys and estimates	2,52,000
Total	Rs. 15,00,000

The Chairman then said that the Municipal Commissioner had a still more approximate and detailed list of expenditure than the above, which made the total Rs. 15,27,673.

Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik said it was so long since the subject had been started by Dr. Cook, that it required a reference to his notes before he could place his amendment in an intelligible form before the Corporation for acceptance. His amendment was "that the whole subject referred to in para. 1 of the list of business for this day's meeting be remitted to the Town Council with a request that they will be good enough to provide a scheme for the ways and means for the execution of the works therein referred to, and to inform the Corporation whether such scheme, if approved, will make the necessary provision without any recourse to additional taxation. That, in the opinion of the Corporation, the question of raising a loan of 60 lakhs of rupees cannot properly be disposed of until the works mentioned in para. 1 of the list of business for this day's meeting have been discussed *seriatim* and passed by the Corporation." The Rao Saheb said he would have preferred bringing forward the amendment in an abstract form, but according to the rules, it was not open to him to do so. He might, however, adopt any variation suggested to him by any of his friends in the course of discussion. In the first place, he should mention that there was a great misapprehension in reference to the subject for discussion that day from the very beginning. It was that members of the Corporation had been reminded that they had sanctioned a great scheme, and now they were in duty bound to carry it out, whether it made the city clean or positively unclean. But the speaker reminded them of an amendment which was carried as an amendment, and also finally necessary as a proposition at the Corporation, by a large majority, on the 28th of August, 1878. The proposition, which was moved by Mr. Nowrozjee Furdoonjee, and seconded by Mr. Shantaram Narayen, was to the effect that the Government of India having declined to grant the loan of 60 lakhs asked for by the Corporation in March last, the meeting was of opinion that it was unadvisable to undertake the execution of the whole scheme for the drainage and sewerage of Bombay, and that with a view to exercise due caution in the trial of such an experiment, the Municipal Commissioner be instructed to make an application under section 6 of Act XXXIV. of 1871 to the local Government for authority to borrow immediately by public tender, sums not exceeding 27 lakhs in all, in the open market, with such conditions in detail as might be settled with the local Government under the provisions of the said Act, to be applied as follows:—First, to take the step recommended by the Bombay Government in their letter dated 16th June, 1877, to carry out the most important portion of the scheme for removing the sewage and night-soil from Carnac-bunder and Elphinstone Estate to the proposed outfall at Love-grove, and abating the nuisance caused by the pollution of the Back-bay harbour with night-soil, and by the Sonapore ferns polluting the Back-bay. That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to ask the Executive Engineer to prepare and submit to the Town Council and the Corporation detailed plans and estimates for the above work. Secondly, to carry into effect also the immediate construction of the Bhunderwada reservoir and filtering works at an estimated cost of 14 lakhs. The resolution, as they had seen, asked the Commissioner to exercise due caution with regard to experimental works, and the speaker asked the Corporation to pause before they made another leap in the dark. The Rao Saheb then read an extract from Mr. S. Stevens Helleyer's lecture at the National Health Society, which was given in the *Sanitary Record* of the 15th October. This authority on the subject of sanitation said that "the principles of house drainage were so far determined upon that there ought to be no great difficulty in framing a good sanitary code marked out with silken cords rather than iron bands for like all new things, sanitary knowledge should have room to grow. He believed it would be just as easy for a tailor to make a suit of clothes to suit all climates as it would be to lay down a code of sanitary rules to suit all cases." Now, he (the Rao Saheb) might say with equal truth that the working of the drains and the house connections in England could not serve them in the tropical climate of India. Again, there were items which had been deliberately passed by the Corporation, and which it was now proposed to upset by means of the resolution before them. He alluded to the cover on the Malabar Hill reservoir, and there was a notice given by Mr. Jacomb to upset that resolution. Then, there were other items which had not been discussed at the Town Council but which were included in the motion for the loan of 15 lakhs. Of these items they had no plans and estimates when Dr. Cook made the proposal for a loan, and yet they now formed a part of the financial scheme. It must be seen that it was wrong that they should commit themselves to the adoption of any measure or scheme until they knew what it was. They wanted at first to know the broad outlines, and to know what they were about. It was true they had already spent seventeen lakhs of rupees, but the history of that expenditure would not bear repetition. He said this advisedly, and when the time came, he would be ready to prove his assertion. But the main reason for caution in the matter was that the whole scheme of drainage went upon an assumption which had no foundation whatever in fact. The Drainage Commission of 1870 had stated that the system of privies and house connections as designed by Mr. Walton and at work in Sonapore and Doongerwady was suitable. This, the Rao Saheb continued, was a pure and gratuitous assumption on the part of the Drainage Commission. Mr. Walton, who was present at the meeting, would be able to tell them that there was no system such as the commission spoke of, either in working at Sonapore or Doongerwady, and there were no house connections such as were now designed for adoption. The experimental privies which had been put up in the Municipal Office, and which were such a great nuisance as to become the subject of unfavourable report both by the Executive Engineer and the Health Officer, were not designed by Mr. Walton. There was no system of privy connection which had yet passed the Town Council, or which had been finally adopted even as an experiment. All that they had sanctioned by way of an experiment was to connect a certain number of houses in Camateepoora, and he had yet to know whether the experiment was tried and its effects seen. All this showed that the argument about their having launched into a definite system propounded for their benefit by the Drainage Commission was without any major premiss at all. Therefore the supporters of the scheme had no right to condemn those who were opposed to it, on the ground that it was a sort of experiment upon the lives of the people of this city. The Rao Saheb then proceeded to give some results of the last census in support of his argument against the adoption of the drainage scheme. He said that the rate of mortality at Camateepoora was 39 per thousand, at Oomercarry, 32; at Dhobitalao, 29; Dongry, 29; Byculla, 28; Girgaum, 25; Khetwady, 24; Mazagon and Parell, 23; Funnswady, 20; Tarwady, 16; and Worlee, 13 per thousand. They saw from this that Dhobietalao, where they were told that the drainage was a model to be adopted in other parts of the town, the death-rate was 29 per 1,000. On the other hand in such a thickly populated district as Doongry, where there are no house connections, and where the huts of the poor are surrounded with filthy conditions, the death rate was only 29 per 1,000. Again, in Funneswady, with all its nuisance, the mortality was 20 per thousand; and so also in Khetwady and other parts the death rate was lower than in Dhobietalao. They had their costly drainage near the Town Hall, which they were now told was a nuisance. They must at first test the effects of the experiment which they were going to perform in one district of the town, and when they had carefully considered the matter there would be time enough to experiment on a much larger scale. Furthermore, they had sanctioned the improvement of the Camateepoora drainage in 1878, and the drainage department were only now advertising for tenders for the purpose. He had fully expected that there would be some shafts, some sort of ventilation and connections with the large sewers passing through that district. The manholes there emitted the foulest stinks, which, no doubt, contributed to the spread of disease in some shape or other. The Corporation then would see that they had given their sanction for making an experiment in Camateepoora, but that district was still scientifically undrained. They wanted to go up to Government for permission to raise a loan of 60 lakhs. He believed that if the Government of India had a very hard task before them in providing for the finances of this great Empire, and the Municipality ought only to go up to them for permission to raise loans in the open market. From the history of their Municipality, he could confidently say that their credit in the market was second only to that of Government. This was not difficult, if the Municipality managed their affairs economically, and if their taxes were fairly raised and properly administered. In this connection they might study with advantage what the Viceroy had stated in his resolution of the 20th September, 1881, and the Municipality of Bombay, which prided itself upon being the first city in India, ought to set an example to the other municipalities of India to rely upon themselves as far as they could. At present

August, 1875, would not be sufficient to entitle such a mark to registration under the Act; but it is quite clear that such a mark used for the first time after the 13th August, 1875, would be excluded, and accordingly any persons who may have adopted such marks in India subsequent to that date might, if the Bill was framed on the lines now suggested, have ground for complaint.

9. I am accordingly to inquire whether your Chamber Association Society, consider it probable that there are in use in this country any number of trade-marks worth speaking of adopted since the date in question, and not containing any of the "essential particulars" mentioned in clauses (a), (b), and (c) of section 5 of the Bill No. II, but of such a nature as to be entitled to protection here under the existing law, and, if so, whether they can suggest any mode of saving the rights of the owners of such marks. If the number of such marks is insignificant, it would probably be better that their owners should be driven to alter them than that they should be allowed to stand in the way of settling this difficult question in a manner acceptable to the bulk of the mercantile community.

BENGAL.

A FALSE ALARM.—Some unnecessary anxiety and alarm were aroused the other day at Calcutta by the announcement that the P. and O. mail steamer Australia (which brought another large consignment of returning and newly arriving Anglo-Indians) was coming up the river flying the commercial code signal flag R at the main, signifying that the vessel had "epidemic disease on board." Enquiry, however, at the P. and O. Company's office speedily dispelled the excitement. The steamer arrived at Colombo, with an isolated case of small-pox on board, the sufferer being a lascar, one of the crew. The Australia was detained for an hour or two at Colombo, in consequence of the man's illness, but was allowed to proceed. Hence the alarming signal telegraphed from Saugor. The passengers, amongst whom were the Hon. Louis Forbes and Count Carl Von Moltke, were all well. There were about eighty passengers by the steamer, the largest number that any vessel has brought out this season.—*Pioneer.*

ARRIVAL OF THE VICEROY AT CALCUTTA.—The Viceregal train under the supervision of the Traffic Manager and Captain Jennings, of the railway police, arrived yesterday morning, to time at the Howrah terminus. His Excellency looked in excellent health, the tour having, apparently, been a beneficial and enjoyable one. The Marchioness of Ripon accompanied his Excellency, as did also the Hon'ble Mr. Grant and Mrs. Grant; Lord William Beresford, V. C., the Military Secretary, and Captain C. W. Muir, A.D.C. There were many official and non-official gentlemen present to receive his Excellency at the station, among whom were Captain Durand, A.D.C., Mr. H. L. Harrison, Commissioner of Police, Colonel W. Gordon, District Superintendent of Police, Captain Jerrard, Major Jopp, the Reverends Medlicot and Cunningham, Messrs. D. W. Campbell, the Agent of the East Indian Railway, and C. Buckland, Magistrate of Howrah. There was also a sprinkling of ladies. A guard-of-honor of a company of the E. I. Railway Volunteers, with their band and a detachment of the 17th N. I., with band and colors was drawn up on either side of the way leading from the platform. On his Excellency alighting, the guard presented a Royal Salute while both bands played the National Anthem. The police lined the whole of the route taken by his Excellency to Government House, where another guard-of-honor was formed by 2 companies, with colors, of the Scotch Rifles and the Calcutta Volunteers (mustering about 500 strong) with their respective bands, and where his Excellency was again received with the same honors. There was a large gathering at Government House of European and Native gentlemen who had assembled to give his Excellency a warm reception on his return to Calcutta. Among the official element present were Sir Richard Garth, the Judges of the High Court, the Foreign Consuls, and the Members of Council. The Marchioness of Ripon arrived at Government House a short time after under due escort. The police arrangements, under the superintendence of Messrs. Percy, Hogg, and Johnson were perfect, and deserve commendation. The decorations at the railway station were elaborate and excellent, and also deserve credit. Nothing was wanting, in fact, to make the occasion a pleasant one for either his Excellency and his party, or for the visitors, at the railway station and Government House, who were present to bid them welcome.—*Statesman.*

MADRAS.

THE HARBOUR.—Two buoys, painted with red and white vertical stripes, have been laid down to indicate the harbour entrance.

H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.—Sir Frederick Roberts will shortly proceed on a long tour. A few days hence he goes to Wellington to inspect that station in view to the proposed location of a European regiment there. His Excellency will then return to Madras, whence he will embark for Burmah: Kamptee and other stations being afterwards visited.—*Times.*

THE BEACH RAILWAY.—The Madras Chamber of Commerce recently urged on Government the necessity and advisability of the passenger service on the South Indian Railway being extended permanently as far as the Beach, and for running the trains at a speed of twenty miles an hour; pointing out at the same time the feasibility of connecting the Madras and the South Indian Railways at Royapuram, and opening telegraphic communication between the Telegraph Office and the Beach station. The result of this representation, we hear, is that the Government, while recognising the difficulty of increasing the speed of the trains to twenty miles, which would necessitate the construction of a new bridge in lieu of the wooden one now existing over the Cooum, as also a change in the alignment of the line, have left the matter to the discretion of the Agent. The Harbour Committee have been requested to state the space that is available for the purposes of goods accommodation, and the Superintendent of the Madras Harbour has been directed to state whether, in his opinion, the recent damages to the wharf would necessitate a further continued use of the space on the beach now temporarily occupied in block making, as well as the running of stone trains.—*Madras Times.*

N.-W. PROVINCES, PUNJAB, AND OUDH.

NEW RAILWAYS IN THE PUNJAB.—Mr. Dooley, Executive Engineer, has been instructed to proceed to Rawulpindi, with the view of preparing a survey for the proposed line of railway from that place to Murree. Mr. Bagley has been nominated to the Murree Railway Survey Division, as Assistant Engineer under Mr. Dooley. Fairly satisfactory accounts are given of the Neemuch-Nusserabad line, over which the Viceroy has travelled to Chittoor. The traffic from the Sambhur salt lake on this line appears to be very considerable. The Neemuch-Chittor section was opened for traffic in June last. The railway from Neemuch to Nusseerabad is a single narrow gauge line, one hundred and thirty-five miles long. H. E. the Lieutenant-Governor has determined upon taking up the land required for the Amritsar and Pathankot railway, in anticipation of sanction to its construction by Her Majesty's Secretary of State. This work will, for the present, form a sub-division of the Amritsar division. Mr. Ivens, Executive Engineer, is to be placed in charge of the division, and Lalla Ganga Ram, Executive Engineer, in special charge of the railway sub-division. From Attock we learn that great exertions are being made to open the line beyond the Indus towards Peshawur, on 1st January. Rafts are being prepared to ferry across the engines required for the working of the new section, and a temporary line, to the waters edge, has been constructed on both sides of the river. The line is completed as far as Nowshera, and is being energetically pushed beyond. It is feared it cannot be completed as far as Peshawur before the 1st of March, but the stretch to Nowshera will probably be opened in the meantime.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

NOTICES.

TIGERS!
TIGERS!
TIGERS!

£100 EACH for every animal delivered in good condition, from 12 months old upwards; younger ones at less price.

W. JAMRACH, Stoke Newington, London,
Importer of 500 Tigers since 1860.

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SUTTONS SEEDS.
FRESH SUPPLIES NOW RECEIVED

VEGETABLE SEEDS, 24 packets in tin case		...	Rs. 3 12
ditto.	40 packets	do.	... ,, 7 8
ditto.	60 packets	do.	... ,, 15 0
FLOWER SEEDS, Small tins			... ,, 3 12
ditto.	2nd size		... ,, 7 8
ditto.	3rd size		... ,, 15 0
ditto.	Largest size		... ,, 22 8

, Lists of contents on application.

THACKER & CO., Ld.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE
PAINKILLER
Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers,
Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.
UNSURPASSED AS ... Proprietors and Proprietors,
AFTER ... IS A FAMILY MEDICINE
IT is a ... FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.
And a ... purely and carefully prepared
VEGETABLE COMPOUND
... mplete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS
and SNAKE BITES,
AS an application for
BRUISES, BURNS,
NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA,
DYSENTERY,
CHOLERA.
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the World.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.
GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY—
ESSU FALLY HIPTOOLA,
Pir Market near Jumma Musjid

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR GENERAL AND SMALL STORES AND OILS.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive tenders at his office, Ajmere, up to the 22nd proximo for the supply of the GENERAL and SMALL STORES and OILS required by this Railway during the 12 months commencing from 1st January, 1882.

Particulars of the required supplies, forms of tenders and conditions of contract can be had on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 on application to the following officers:—

The Storekeeper, Rajputana-Malwa Railway, Agra: the Storekeeper, Holkar and Sindia Neemuch State Railways, Khundwa; and the Depôt Storekeeper, Rajputana-Malwa Railway, Sabarmati.

Undersigned is at liberty to select one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items in the same tender. Stores are to be delivered at Agra Cantonment Khundwa, and Sabarmati Depôts free of all charges, and subject to approval as per conditions of form of tender.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the whole or any part of the lowest or any tender.

W. S. S. BISSET, Capt., R. E. and Major,
Manager, Rajputana-Malwa Railway

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

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RESERVE FUND £800,000

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal. Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
6 do. do. do. 4 do. do.
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All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

HOTELS.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL AND PINTO'S HOTEL, MATHERAN.

MR. J. C. PINTO, the Proprietor of the both well-known Hotels, begs to inform the public that the above Hotels are now OPENED to VISITORS. There are seven separate Bungalows attached to the Hotels, well adapted for Families, for whose comforts every care is taken. The Hotels are well situated, occupy a central position, and are therefore very conveniently placed within the reach of several POINTS. They are also nearest to the Gymkhana and in a breezy locality under the shed of large trees, which diminish the glare and keep the extensive compound always fresh and cool.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CHAMPAGNE in ½ pts. per Hamper of 2 dozens, Cash, Rs. 33; Credit, Rs. 34-8.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per Doz. Quarts.	Per 2 Doz Pints.
Eugene Clicquot's Carte Blanche	Rs. 35 0	Rs. 37 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	,, 57 0	,, 60 0
Sparkling Moselle	,, 20 0	,, 22 0

STILL HOCKS,
From G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 16 8	Rs. 19 8
Deidesheimer	,, 17 8	,, 20 8
Geisenheimer	,, 18 8	,, 21 8
Steinwein	,, 22 0	,, ..
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Marcobrunner	,, 30 8	,, 33 8
Queen Victoria Berg	,, 36 8	,, ..

BRANDY.

F. Dessandier & Co.'s **2-star Brandy	,, 30 0	..
Fromy & Rogee's Brandy	,, 23 0	..
Do. Brandy * * * 3-star	,, 32 0	..

CLARETS,
From H. & C. BALAHESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 17 0
Les Canons	,, 18 0	,, 20 0
Chateau Leoville	,, 20 0	..
Chateau Lafitte	,, 24 0	..

From MONTHEUIL FRANC FILS AINE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau Labrancho	Rs. 20 0	Rs. 22 0
Chateau Larcoso	,, 20 0	..
Chateau Divian	,, 20 0	22 0
Chateau d'Ulzan	,, 20 0	..
Chateau des Tours	,, 20 0	..

BEER.

IND (COOPE) & Co.'s PALE ALE	(1 doz. qts.)	Rs. 5 0
Do. do.	(1 doz. pints.)	,, 3 0
COPENHAGEN PALE ALE	(1 doz. qts.)	,, 5 0
MUNICH EXPORT BEER, from the brewery of Count Pappinheim	(1 doz. qts.)	,, 6 8

SUNDRIES.

Swiss Bitter from Alpine Plants	Rs. 24 0	Rs. 27 0
Italian Vermouth	,, 18 0	..
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Outstation Orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Cash payments carry a discount of 5 per cent.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row, Fort.
Bombay, 26th November, 1881.

NOTICES.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to
OWEN & OKELL,
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PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS,
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THE BOMBAY-BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders in the abovementioned Company will be held on MONDAY, the 12th day of December, 1881, at twelve o'clock noon (instead of on SATURDAY, 10th December, at two o'clock as previously advertized) at the registered Office of the Company at No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, to pass the following Resolutions:—

1. That subject to the following conditions the Bombay-Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited, be and the same is ordered to be wound up voluntarily.

(a) That all the assets and liabilities of the Corporation be transferred to and taken over by a new Company to be formed under the same title, namely, the Bombay-Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited, such new Company to have a capital of Lakhs Fifty divided into two thousand shares of Rupees Two Thousand five hundred each, and to be registered in Bombay under the provisions of the Indian Companies' Act, 1866, by a Memorandum and Articles of Association, which will, in the event of this resolution being carried, be signed by the Chairman of the meeting for the purposes of identification.

(b) That the holder or holders of each ordinary share in the present Company of the nominal amount of Rupees two thousand and five hundred, upon which Rupees one thousand and five hundred have been called up and paid, shall be entitled to have allotted to him or them one share in the new Company whereon Rupees one thousand and five hundred shall be treated as paid up.

(c) That to William Wallace, his executors or administrators (as the holder of one hundred shares of Rupees two thousand five hundred each treated as fully paid up whereon Rupees one thousand five hundred per share rank for dividend rateably with the other shares in this company and the remaining Rupees one thousand per share carry interest at the rate of seven and a half per centum per annum, and in respect of the holding of which said one hundred shares there is attached the right to receive a preferential dividend equivalent to one-third of the surplus net profits of the now existing company in each year after paying a dividend at the rate of twelve per cent per annum on the paid up amount of all other shares of the now existing company and on the Rupees one thousand five hundred part of the amount treated as paid up on the said one hundred shares and after paying interest at the rate of seven and a half per cent. per annum on the remaining one thousand Rupees per share and after setting apart as reserve fund such a sum out of the profits as the Directors in their discretion think fit) there ... one hundred shares in the new Company to be ... issued fully paid up. The portion of the amount of ... treated as two hundred shares in the new Company cor... the said one the amount for the time being called ... responding with upon any other 100 shares in the new ... up and become due a dividend at the same rate as su... Company shall carry balance for the time being of th... n other shares, and the one hundred shares in the new C... amount of the said one at the rate of seven and a ... ompany shall carry interest and there shall be attach... half per centum per annum, of the said one hund... das an incident to the holding long as the same r... ed shares in the new Company, so said William W... main registered in the name of of any person ... ince, his executors or administrators, or been a partn... or persons who is or may be or may have pany of B... or or partners in the firm of Wallace and Combe com... ombay howsoever, the said firm may at any time trate... posed or in the names of the executors or administ... s of any such person a right to receive a special dividend at the rate and to an extent respectively corresponding to the rate and extent to which the said William Wallace is now entitled in respect of his holding of the said one hundred shares in the now existing Company, namely, that the holders thereof be entitled, and if more than one, then in the proportions in which they may hold the said one hundred shares in the new Company, to receive an extra or special dividend equal to one-third of the surplus net profits of the new Company, which may remain in any year after paying for that year a dividend at the rate of twelve per centum per annum on the paid-up amount of all shares in the new Company (including therein in respect of the said one hundred shares in the new Company such an amount as shall correspond with the amount for the time being called up and become due upon any other 100 shares in the new Company) and after setting apart as a Reserve Fund such a sum out of the profits for that year as the Directors in their discretion may think fit.

(d) That as and when the remaining capital of Lakhs twenty-five of the said New Company be issued the same shall in the first instance be offered at par to the members for the time being of the new Company, and as nearly as may be in proportion to the nominal amount of the shares in that Company held by the members thereof respectively. Any shares which cannot be rateably distributed or which may not be taken by the members of the new Company entitled to take the same shall be allotted to such persons and under such conditions and in such manner as the Directors of the said new Company may from time to time think fit, but not except with the authority of the Shareholders in general meeting assembled under the par value.

(e) That if any members of the now existing Company entitled to give notice under the 155th Section of the Indian Companies' Act, 1866, and holding in the aggregate 100 shares or upwards in the now existing Company, shall give notice within the terms of the said 155th Section of that Act, then and in that case these Resolutions and everything done under them shall *ipso facto* become void, and a declaration under the hand of the Secretaries, Treasurers, and Managers of the Corporation shall be conclusive evidence in this respect.

(f) That with respect to any of the members of the now existing Company who shall so object as aforesaid and shall hold in the aggregate less than one hundred shares in the now existing Company the new Company shall out of its own funds or out of the assets so to be taken over as aforesaid pay and discharge any sums which may by agreement or arbitration or otherwise be decided to be payable to such members.

2. That John Annan Bryce, Henry Adair Richardson and Michael Russell Wyer, having agreed to perform the duties of the office without remuneration, be and are hereby appointed Liquidators for the purposes of giving effect to these Resolutions, and that each of the said Liquidators shall, for the purpose of giving effect to these Resolutions, be severally as well as jointly vested with all the powers which are capable of being conferred on a Liquidator of this Company.

By order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Managers.
Bombay, 2nd December, 1881.

N.B.—The proposed Memoradum and Articles of Association are to be seen at the office of the Company.

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.

IN consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature

"LEA & PERRINS,"

without which no bottle of the original
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper, Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

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ASQUITH and LORD have a large and varied assortment of FIRST-CLASS GOODS only in each Department of their well-known Establishment, and respectfully solicit an inspection from their numerous patrons in Bombay; and an application for patterns, and their old catalogue containing simple instructions for self-measurement from their patrons in the Mofussil. As Messrs. A. and L. have no branch establishments, and only one House in Bombay, Gentlemen are requested to kindly address

THE OVERLAND AND TRAVELLERS' KIT WAREHOUSE, 9, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WATCHES.

EDMOND CHARPIE,
WATCH MANUFACTURER,
BOMBAY, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

CAMPAIGN WATCHES!!

THE CELEBRATED ROBERTS PATENT WATCH.—It is of the finest workmanship, in strong neat Nickel Silver Case, open-faced Crystal Front, fine and solid KEYLESS ACTION, with improved Set Pin. PATENT LEVER ESCAPEMENT, JEWELLED in Rubies, and is so constructed as to bear with all climates and shocks, and is not at all affected by riding or walking. Specially adapted for OFFICERS, ENGINEERS, and RAILWAY OFFICIALS.
PRICE Rs. 25 (CASH).

THE PRIME.—A strong and durable double-case SILVER LEVER WATCH, well adapted for rough usage and keeping accurate time.
PRICE Rs. 25. (CASH).

THE SAME with horizontal Escapement, Rs. 20 (Cash).
LARGE STOCK OF WATCHES.
From Rs. 10 to Rs. 600.

ALL WATCHES are regulated and timed before they are despatched. EACH WATCH is forwarded free with written guarantee to any part of India.
All orders should be accompanied by remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

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CHRISTMAS PRESENTS AND NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

AMONGST the social observances of Christmas and the New Year the interchange of presents forms a conspicuous feature. To aid our constituents in the observance of this time-honoured custom has been our especial study, and our recent imports have special reference to articles likely to be required at the approach of the Festive Season.

RESIDENTS AND VISITORS TO BOMBAY

Are respectfully solicited to pay our SHOW-ROOM a visit, and inspect our large collection of NOVELTIES, many of which have never before been seen in Bombay. Our stock comprises:

JEWELLERY of every description, of the latest fashion and design, and all the novelties recently produced in the best home and foreign markets.

WATCHES and CLOCKS.—Watches in gold and silver of every description, clocks and time-pieces, in marble, wood or richly gilt

ELECTRO-PLATE.—We would draw particular attention to our large and varied stock of electro-plate.

The LAMBETH FAIENCE, or Doulton and Stiffware, are amongst the latest novelties, and are very much in use in England.

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The CHEAPEST HOUSE in India for all Novelties; special rates for Merchants and Schools.

N. B.—Why pay high prices when you can procure the same goods at the Bombay Cash Bazaar at half the price?

Catalogues now ready.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,
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POONA CASH BAZAAR,
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AMERICAN ORGUINETTES.

THE ORGUINETTE is a reed musical instrument, constructed somewhat on the principle of a cabinet organ, and adapted to be automatically operated by simple sheets or strips of perforated paper; each sheet representing one or more tunes. There is no limit to either kind or quantity of music. It will play HYMN TUNES, POPULAR AIRS, sets of QUADRILLES, POLKAS, WALTZES, REELS and HORNPIPES, with a clearness, accuracy and a degree of execution which but few performers can equal.

No. 1, IN SOLID BLACK WALNUT CASE:
Length, 11½ inches; width, 8 inches; height, 10¼ inches.
Price, with music complete, Rs. 30.

No. 2, IN SOLID BLACK WALNUT CASE:
Length, 14½ inches; width, 12 inches; height, 7¾ inches.
Price, with music complete, Rs. 40.

No. 3, IN SOLID BLACK WALNUT:
Length, 27 inches; width, 12½ inches; height, 8 inches.
Price, with music complete, Rs. 60.

Nos. 2 and 3 are provided with an expression box, which can be opened or closed by the performers left-hand, while playing thus producing crescendo and diminuendo effects at pleasure.

No 4, IN ORNAMENTED SOLID BLACK WALNUT:
Length, 20 inches; width, 17½ inches; height, 13½ inches.
Price, with music complete, Rs. 100.

This is the largest of the table instruments, having a compass of twenty-five notes and great bellows power, giving a tone equal to that of a cottage organ. There is an ingenious, swell arranged over the reed board, regulated by hand, by means of which a variety of effects can be produced.

EXTRA ROLLS AT Rs. 12 EACH.

The above prices are for CASH with order, and include packing and delivery at the railway station.

SOUNDY AND CO., LIMITED,
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THACKER AND CO., Ld.

SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (LIMITED), import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally TROUGHTON and SIMMS, ELLIOTT BROS., and W. F. STANLEY, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at a slightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.
Dumpy Levels.
Levelling Staves.
Prismatic Compasses.
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